



Ask An Astrobiologist



EPISODE 34: AUGUST 11TH, 2020

DR. JACOB HAQQ-MISRA



Astrobiology Program

1
00:00:00,690 --> 00:00:28,830

[Music]

2
00:00:32,709 --> 00:00:30,550

so

3
00:00:33,750 --> 00:00:32,719

greetings friends and fellow users of

4
00:00:36,870 --> 00:00:33,760

technology

5
00:00:39,510 --> 00:00:36,880

and producers of techno signatures this

6
00:00:41,190 --> 00:00:39,520

is ask an astrobiologist the show that

7
00:00:43,350 --> 00:00:41,200

celebrates the science

8
00:00:44,470 --> 00:00:43,360

and celebrates the scientists involved

9
00:00:46,150 --> 00:00:44,480

in our quest

10
00:00:48,790 --> 00:00:46,160

to understand the nature of life in the

11
00:00:51,189 --> 00:00:48,800

cosmos i'm graeme lau

12
00:00:53,350 --> 00:00:51,199

also known as the cosmobiologist and

13
00:00:55,750 --> 00:00:53,360

we're brought to you by seganet.org and

14

00:00:57,830 --> 00:00:55,760

the nasa astrobiology program

15

00:00:59,189 --> 00:00:57,840

and i'll tell you folks the grooviness

16

00:01:00,470 --> 00:00:59,199

abounds for this episode

17

00:01:02,709 --> 00:01:00,480

we'll be talking about things like

18

00:01:05,509 --> 00:01:02,719

exoplanets and techno signatures

19

00:01:06,230 --> 00:01:05,519

and mars settlement and so much more but

20

00:01:08,789 --> 00:01:06,240

before i

21

00:01:09,429 --> 00:01:08,799

introduce this guest we have to do some

22

00:01:11,990 --> 00:01:09,439

of our

23

00:01:13,510 --> 00:01:12,000

our background things like our monthly

24

00:01:15,749 --> 00:01:13,520

field site challenge

25

00:01:17,990 --> 00:01:15,759

as you know before every episode the day

26

00:01:20,149 --> 00:01:18,000

before on twitter at saginorg

27

00:01:21,990 --> 00:01:20,159

we release a photo of a field site

28

00:01:24,550 --> 00:01:22,000

relevant to astrobiology

29

00:01:25,749 --> 00:01:24,560

and we ask you to tell us what is that

30

00:01:27,190 --> 00:01:25,759

image showing us

31

00:01:29,990 --> 00:01:27,200

and if you'd like you can tell us why

32

00:01:31,590 --> 00:01:30,000

it's relevant to astrobiology as well

33

00:01:34,550 --> 00:01:31,600

well the winner for this month's field

34

00:01:36,550 --> 00:01:34,560

site challenge is manavica kana

35

00:01:38,390 --> 00:01:36,560

manavica wrote a really cool description

36

00:01:40,230 --> 00:01:38,400

of what she saw on that image

37

00:01:42,630 --> 00:01:40,240

she said is it the presence of

38

00:01:45,429 --> 00:01:42,640

megastructures using electricity

39

00:01:47,030 --> 00:01:45,439

as a way to power a self-luminous city

40

00:01:47,830 --> 00:01:47,040

the location definitely seems to be

41

00:01:49,749 --> 00:01:47,840

italy

42

00:01:51,990 --> 00:01:49,759

well manavica yes you're right on both

43

00:01:53,030 --> 00:01:52,000

accounts the location is the italian

44

00:01:55,030 --> 00:01:53,040

peninsula

45

00:01:56,709 --> 00:01:55,040

and yes these are structures built by

46

00:01:57,749 --> 00:01:56,719

humans where we are producing

47

00:02:00,230 --> 00:01:57,759

electricity

48

00:02:01,830 --> 00:02:00,240

to power our cities at night so we can

49

00:02:03,990 --> 00:02:01,840

read from our kindles and watch

50

00:02:05,990 --> 00:02:04,000

netflix so we have lights over our

51
00:02:08,550 --> 00:02:06,000
streets and we can light our homes

52
00:02:09,990 --> 00:02:08,560
in the darkness of night but astronauts

53
00:02:11,110 --> 00:02:10,000
flying overhead on the international

54
00:02:13,430 --> 00:02:11,120
space station

55
00:02:15,589 --> 00:02:13,440
they can also see these lights they can

56
00:02:17,110 --> 00:02:15,599
see these as signs of our technology

57
00:02:19,990 --> 00:02:17,120
down on the earth below

58
00:02:21,350 --> 00:02:20,000
from that lofty perch above they see our

59
00:02:23,670 --> 00:02:21,360
techno signatures

60
00:02:25,190 --> 00:02:23,680
and maybe aliens far away can see our

61
00:02:26,470 --> 00:02:25,200
techno signatures as well

62
00:02:28,949 --> 00:02:26,480
and we're definitely looking for them

63
00:02:31,190 --> 00:02:28,959

ourselves so thank you so much manavika

64

00:02:32,710 --> 00:02:31,200

and all who gave us the right answer

65

00:02:34,470 --> 00:02:32,720

on this image for the field site

66

00:02:36,710 --> 00:02:34,480

challenge for this month

67

00:02:38,710 --> 00:02:36,720

and before we bring on our guests uh

68

00:02:40,390 --> 00:02:38,720

every episode we do want to mention

69

00:02:42,949 --> 00:02:40,400

those people who are out there working

70

00:02:44,390 --> 00:02:42,959

really hard are our most staunch fans

71

00:02:45,110 --> 00:02:44,400

who are celebrating the show who are

72

00:02:46,869 --> 00:02:45,120

sharing

73

00:02:48,390 --> 00:02:46,879

information about our upcoming episodes

74

00:02:50,470 --> 00:02:48,400

about our guests who are getting

75

00:02:53,270 --> 00:02:50,480

involved in the conversation who are the

76
00:02:55,270 --> 00:02:53,280
ambassadors for ask an astrobiologist

77
00:02:56,790 --> 00:02:55,280
this month we want to highlight azure

78
00:02:58,949 --> 00:02:56,800
pinochet barros

79
00:02:59,990 --> 00:02:58,959
de lara kelly charleston anna root

80
00:03:03,030 --> 00:03:00,000
mahanti

81
00:03:03,990 --> 00:03:03,040
and kashish gupta for helping us out and

82
00:03:05,830 --> 00:03:04,000
sharing the word about

83
00:03:09,030 --> 00:03:05,840
ask an astrobiologist and sharing our

84
00:03:10,869 --> 00:03:09,040
show thank you to all of you as always

85
00:03:12,149 --> 00:03:10,879
for being so involved in what we're

86
00:03:13,990 --> 00:03:12,159
doing here and trying to bring the

87
00:03:17,190 --> 00:03:14,000
voices of astrobiologists

88
00:03:19,030 --> 00:03:17,200

to the world with all that said now i

89

00:03:21,509 --> 00:03:19,040

get to introduce our guests

90

00:03:23,350 --> 00:03:21,519

uh jacob hochmisra earned his

91

00:03:24,550 --> 00:03:23,360

undergraduate degrees in astrophysics

92

00:03:26,949 --> 00:03:24,560

and computer science at the

93

00:03:28,789 --> 00:03:26,959

university of minnesota he also earned a

94

00:03:30,949 --> 00:03:28,799

master's degree in meteorology

95

00:03:33,509 --> 00:03:30,959

and his phd in meteorology and

96

00:03:35,910 --> 00:03:33,519

astrobiology at penn state university

97

00:03:37,670 --> 00:03:35,920

he's also a research scientist at blue

98

00:03:38,789 --> 00:03:37,680

marble space institute of science and a

99

00:03:42,070 --> 00:03:38,799

good friend of mine

100

00:03:43,430 --> 00:03:42,080

so welcome to the show dr jacob misra

101
00:03:45,270 --> 00:03:43,440
thanks so much graeme i'm happy to be

102
00:03:46,070 --> 00:03:45,280
here yeah it's really i mean we've

103
00:03:47,990 --> 00:03:46,080
talked for a long

104
00:03:49,750 --> 00:03:48,000
time now about getting you on the show

105
00:03:51,509 --> 00:03:49,760
you've been doing so much these past

106
00:03:52,309 --> 00:03:51,519
many years now and so many different

107
00:03:54,630 --> 00:03:52,319
areas

108
00:03:56,630 --> 00:03:54,640
of astrobiology and and beyond

109
00:03:57,509 --> 00:03:56,640
astrobiology as well and just last week

110
00:04:00,390 --> 00:03:57,519
you helped to run

111
00:04:01,830 --> 00:04:00,400
this workshop called technoclimbs uh so

112
00:04:03,350 --> 00:04:01,840
i definitely talk about all these cool

113
00:04:05,429 --> 00:04:03,360

things that you do

114

00:04:07,509 --> 00:04:05,439

but first let's get to know a bit about

115

00:04:08,470 --> 00:04:07,519

you uh for instance i kind of want to

116

00:04:11,030 --> 00:04:08,480

know what your science

117

00:04:12,710 --> 00:04:11,040

story is that brought you into becoming

118

00:04:14,710 --> 00:04:12,720

an astrobiologist

119

00:04:16,550 --> 00:04:14,720

what what took jacob hawk misro from a

120

00:04:18,550 --> 00:04:16,560

young boy to becoming who you are now as

121

00:04:20,870 --> 00:04:18,560

an astrobiologist

122

00:04:21,990 --> 00:04:20,880

absolutely that's a great question and

123

00:04:23,749 --> 00:04:22,000

you know i really

124

00:04:25,830 --> 00:04:23,759

don't even remember a time when i was

125

00:04:27,030 --> 00:04:25,840

not interested in space ever since i

126

00:04:29,430 --> 00:04:27,040

have memories

127

00:04:31,189 --> 00:04:29,440

i've i wanted to be a space scientist

128

00:04:33,830 --> 00:04:31,199

before i knew the word astronomer

129

00:04:35,350 --> 00:04:33,840

i even quickly pulled out i still have

130

00:04:37,670 --> 00:04:35,360

my first book about

131

00:04:38,870 --> 00:04:37,680

space right here i'm sure this is not in

132

00:04:40,710 --> 00:04:38,880

print anymore

133

00:04:41,990 --> 00:04:40,720

it has all kinds of great numbers like

134

00:04:43,670 --> 00:04:42,000

how long would it take to walk

135

00:04:45,030 --> 00:04:43,680

around the earth and how many earths fit

136

00:04:46,629 --> 00:04:45,040

inside the sun

137

00:04:48,870 --> 00:04:46,639

then the last page it says are there any

138

00:04:50,390 --> 00:04:48,880

space creatures it says no one knows yet

139

00:04:52,230 --> 00:04:50,400

maybe one day you will be a space

140

00:04:54,950 --> 00:04:52,240

explorer so that's

141

00:04:58,550 --> 00:04:54,960

the nutshell of my story is here i am

142

00:05:01,990 --> 00:04:58,560

fulfilling uh my first books call

143

00:05:03,430 --> 00:05:02,000

but um you know as i i i was always you

144

00:05:05,029 --> 00:05:03,440

know interested in in

145

00:05:06,550 --> 00:05:05,039

not just math and science but really

146

00:05:07,510 --> 00:05:06,560

everything you know and i think that's

147

00:05:10,469 --> 00:05:07,520

part of what

148

00:05:12,230 --> 00:05:10,479

makes astrobiology so fun is you know

149

00:05:12,870 --> 00:05:12,240

being interested in english and history

150

00:05:15,110 --> 00:05:12,880

is really

151
00:05:16,469 --> 00:05:15,120
just as relevant as studying math and

152
00:05:18,790 --> 00:05:16,479
science and everything else

153
00:05:20,790 --> 00:05:18,800
it's truly interdisciplinary so you know

154
00:05:23,350 --> 00:05:20,800
i i enjoyed school i got involved in a

155
00:05:25,350 --> 00:05:23,360
lot of programs

156
00:05:26,469 --> 00:05:25,360
science clubs and math clubs and music

157
00:05:28,390 --> 00:05:26,479
and things like that

158
00:05:30,150 --> 00:05:28,400
um you know the other side of that is

159
00:05:32,310 --> 00:05:30,160
you know i grew up um

160
00:05:34,070 --> 00:05:32,320
evangelical christian and so i've always

161
00:05:36,710 --> 00:05:34,080
been thinking about these big quest

162
00:05:38,070 --> 00:05:36,720
questions of meaning and purpose and and

163
00:05:40,629 --> 00:05:38,080

what's out there and

164

00:05:41,670 --> 00:05:40,639
and i'm an atheist now so i don't

165

00:05:43,270 --> 00:05:41,680
actually look for

166

00:05:44,870 --> 00:05:43,280
god anymore but i don't think it's

167

00:05:46,469 --> 00:05:44,880
coincidental that i'm interested

168

00:05:48,230 --> 00:05:46,479
in thinking about extraterrestrial

169

00:05:49,590 --> 00:05:48,240
intelligence and a lot of the other

170

00:05:51,990 --> 00:05:49,600
scientists i meet

171

00:05:53,510 --> 00:05:52,000
uh in in the city and search for

172

00:05:56,150 --> 00:05:53,520
extraterrestrial intelligence

173

00:05:56,629 --> 00:05:56,160
seti and uh techno signatures community

174

00:05:58,309 --> 00:05:56,639
um

175

00:05:59,670 --> 00:05:58,319
there is a presence of people who have

176

00:06:01,749 --> 00:05:59,680

similar backgrounds and

177

00:06:03,350 --> 00:06:01,759

you might have started out more strongly

178

00:06:04,710 --> 00:06:03,360

in a religious tradition but you don't

179

00:06:06,629 --> 00:06:04,720

lose that sense of

180

00:06:08,710 --> 00:06:06,639

these big philosophical questions why

181

00:06:09,749 --> 00:06:08,720

are we here where are we going what does

182

00:06:13,110 --> 00:06:09,759

it all mean

183

00:06:14,790 --> 00:06:13,120

and and so i really continued you know

184

00:06:16,390 --> 00:06:14,800

thinking through the science and those

185

00:06:17,830 --> 00:06:16,400

philosophical questions

186

00:06:19,510 --> 00:06:17,840

uh you know through high school into

187

00:06:22,550 --> 00:06:19,520

college you already

188

00:06:24,550 --> 00:06:22,560

read my degrees um you know but but um

189

00:06:25,830 --> 00:06:24,560

astrobiology really gave me this this

190

00:06:29,029 --> 00:06:25,840

interesting skill set

191

00:06:30,950 --> 00:06:29,039

to um to pursue those big questions

192

00:06:33,029 --> 00:06:30,960

so i guess the other thing i'll mention

193

00:06:35,430 --> 00:06:33,039

is is i was really interested in

194

00:06:38,550 --> 00:06:35,440

becoming a cosmologist initially

195

00:06:40,309 --> 00:06:38,560

um the part partly with the the

196

00:06:42,150 --> 00:06:40,319

the philosophical side of the christian

197

00:06:43,830 --> 00:06:42,160

tradition you know i like thinking about

198

00:06:45,830 --> 00:06:43,840

evolution and big bang and

199

00:06:47,990 --> 00:06:45,840

those are still part of astrobiology but

200

00:06:49,670 --> 00:06:48,000

i was i worked actually in a cosmology

201
00:06:51,670 --> 00:06:49,680
lab for a couple of years one one

202
00:06:53,670 --> 00:06:51,680
theoretical cosmology lab and then one

203
00:06:55,749 --> 00:06:53,680
experimental cosmology lab

204
00:06:57,510 --> 00:06:55,759
and that was really interesting it's

205
00:06:58,790 --> 00:06:57,520
relativity and quantum mechanics i'm

206
00:07:00,230 --> 00:06:58,800
sure it would have been a really fun

207
00:07:02,469 --> 00:07:00,240
career

208
00:07:04,309 --> 00:07:02,479
but in my junior year of college uh jill

209
00:07:05,270 --> 00:07:04,319
tarter came to our astrophysics

210
00:07:07,589 --> 00:07:05,280
department

211
00:07:09,430 --> 00:07:07,599
and she gave a lecture where she talked

212
00:07:11,670 --> 00:07:09,440
about seti but i actually heard the word

213
00:07:14,790 --> 00:07:11,680

astrobiology for the first time

214

00:07:16,870 --> 00:07:14,800

and i knew about seti this idea of

215

00:07:19,510 --> 00:07:16,880

listening for radio signals

216

00:07:20,469 --> 00:07:19,520

from other alien civilizations that

217

00:07:21,990 --> 00:07:20,479

might be out there

218

00:07:23,350 --> 00:07:22,000

i wasn't really sure what to think of it

219

00:07:25,270 --> 00:07:23,360

and i didn't really understand how it

220

00:07:27,350 --> 00:07:25,280

connected with the rest of science

221

00:07:29,830 --> 00:07:27,360

and joe gave this great talk about

222

00:07:31,110 --> 00:07:29,840

astrobiology and so i went home and i

223

00:07:33,670 --> 00:07:31,120

looked for summer programs in

224

00:07:36,150 --> 00:07:33,680

astrobiology i found one at penn state

225

00:07:38,390 --> 00:07:36,160

i worked that summer with jim casting

226

00:07:39,990 --> 00:07:38,400

who then became my graduate advisor

227

00:07:41,430 --> 00:07:40,000

and and you know that that's really how

228

00:07:43,670 --> 00:07:41,440

i ended up doing this

229

00:07:45,510 --> 00:07:43,680

specific kind of research studying what

230

00:07:46,390 --> 00:07:45,520

makes a planet habitable what kind of

231

00:07:48,869 --> 00:07:46,400

planets

232

00:07:50,950 --> 00:07:48,879

might support life how would we search

233

00:07:53,510 --> 00:07:50,960

them for signs of life and how would we

234

00:07:57,189 --> 00:07:53,520

search them for science of technology

235

00:07:57,510 --> 00:07:57,199

and uh yeah so so here i am i made it

236

00:08:01,990 --> 00:07:57,520

from

237

00:08:02,309 --> 00:08:02,000

to space scientists like everyone wanted

238

00:08:03,909 --> 00:08:02,319

to be

239

00:08:05,430 --> 00:08:03,919

though i love it so much i have to find

240

00:08:06,790 --> 00:08:05,440

a book like that for my son nolan for

241

00:08:09,029 --> 00:08:06,800

when he's ready to start

242

00:08:10,790 --> 00:08:09,039

reading books that might might lead him

243

00:08:12,629 --> 00:08:10,800

into his own career and lead him into a

244

00:08:13,830 --> 00:08:12,639

dream for the future uh jill is so

245

00:08:15,350 --> 00:08:13,840

wonderful we had her as a guest

246

00:08:16,710 --> 00:08:15,360

previously on the show

247

00:08:18,309 --> 00:08:16,720

so it's cool to hear that she kind of

248

00:08:19,749 --> 00:08:18,319

she gave you that impetus to kind of go

249

00:08:20,950 --> 00:08:19,759

even further from cosmology into

250

00:08:22,710 --> 00:08:20,960

astrobiology and

251

00:08:24,309 --> 00:08:22,720

it's really great to hear you know that

252

00:08:25,270 --> 00:08:24,319

you consider these larger questions too

253

00:08:27,029 --> 00:08:25,280

sometimes

254

00:08:28,710 --> 00:08:27,039

people think of astrobiology as just

255

00:08:29,430 --> 00:08:28,720

being about the science but there really

256

00:08:31,749 --> 00:08:29,440

is this

257

00:08:33,350 --> 00:08:31,759

in a larger realm of it and philosophy

258

00:08:34,230 --> 00:08:33,360

and how we really ask these larger

259

00:08:35,909 --> 00:08:34,240

questions

260

00:08:37,509 --> 00:08:35,919

about the nature of life in the cosmos

261

00:08:38,790 --> 00:08:37,519

i'm so glad to hear that

262

00:08:41,269 --> 00:08:38,800

uh and you brought up so much there at

263

00:08:43,190 --> 00:08:41,279

the end about your work in modeling

264

00:08:45,110 --> 00:08:43,200

exoplanets and trying to look for signs

265

00:08:46,710 --> 00:08:45,120

of life and look for techno signatures

266

00:08:48,870 --> 00:08:46,720

uh so let's talk about that for a little

267

00:08:49,990 --> 00:08:48,880

bit uh what kind of research are you

268

00:08:52,230 --> 00:08:50,000

currently doing

269

00:08:53,590 --> 00:08:52,240

uh in in this in this work of looking

270

00:08:55,829 --> 00:08:53,600

for signs of life for instance on

271

00:08:57,509 --> 00:08:55,839

exoplanets

272

00:08:59,590 --> 00:08:57,519

so one of the projects that i'm working

273

00:09:01,030 --> 00:08:59,600

on now it's it's coming to a close it's

274

00:09:02,230 --> 00:09:01,040

been a three year project with several

275

00:09:05,030 --> 00:09:02,240

of my colleagues

276

00:09:05,350 --> 00:09:05,040

in astrobiology and and we're looking at

277

00:09:09,030 --> 00:09:05,360

the

278

00:09:12,070 --> 00:09:09,040

habitable zones

279

00:09:12,870 --> 00:09:12,080

what what distance can a planet be from

280

00:09:14,949 --> 00:09:12,880

its star

281

00:09:16,470 --> 00:09:14,959

to support liquid water that doesn't

282

00:09:17,990 --> 00:09:16,480

mean that's the only type of planet that

283

00:09:18,949 --> 00:09:18,000

could support life but that's the way we

284

00:09:21,590 --> 00:09:18,959

can search

285

00:09:23,750 --> 00:09:21,600

that's a search constraint that works

286

00:09:27,190 --> 00:09:23,760

for telescopes so it's just a way

287

00:09:28,790 --> 00:09:27,200

to search um and and figure out which

288

00:09:31,030 --> 00:09:28,800

planets are more or less likely

289

00:09:32,630 --> 00:09:31,040

to have have water and then maybe maybe

290

00:09:34,829 --> 00:09:32,640

life um

291

00:09:36,070 --> 00:09:34,839

so a lot of people work on study this

292

00:09:38,550 --> 00:09:36,080

problem um

293

00:09:41,190 --> 00:09:38,560

specifically this project is about

294

00:09:42,230 --> 00:09:41,200

binary stars and the habitability of

295

00:09:45,910 --> 00:09:42,240

planets in

296

00:09:46,550 --> 00:09:45,920

binary star systems um binary stars are

297

00:09:48,389 --> 00:09:46,560

stars

298

00:09:50,070 --> 00:09:48,399

for which there are two of them they

299

00:09:52,470 --> 00:09:50,080

orbit each other uh

300

00:09:54,949 --> 00:09:52,480

when i was in college and you know not

301
00:09:56,310 --> 00:09:54,959
too long ago 2001 i mean i guess it's a

302
00:09:56,790 --> 00:09:56,320
long time for some of your viewers

303
00:10:00,070 --> 00:09:56,800
perhaps

304
00:10:02,389 --> 00:10:00,080
it doesn't feel that long for me um

305
00:10:04,389 --> 00:10:02,399
but when i was in college i learned

306
00:10:05,990 --> 00:10:04,399
correctly that about half of stars are

307
00:10:08,870 --> 00:10:06,000
in binary systems and we

308
00:10:10,710 --> 00:10:08,880
we we know that that's still true um i

309
00:10:13,030 --> 00:10:10,720
was also told that they probably

310
00:10:14,630 --> 00:10:13,040
can't support planets because the planet

311
00:10:16,630 --> 00:10:14,640
should be dynamically unstable

312
00:10:18,389 --> 00:10:16,640
well that's actually not correct because

313
00:10:19,990 --> 00:10:18,399

that we've found some planets some of my

314

00:10:23,190 --> 00:10:20,000

colleagues in this project have

315

00:10:25,590 --> 00:10:23,200

detected planets in binary star systems

316

00:10:27,829 --> 00:10:25,600

um we don't have the technology to find

317

00:10:30,069 --> 00:10:27,839

the earth-sized ones yet but we found

318

00:10:30,550 --> 00:10:30,079

these big jupiter neptune-sized ones and

319

00:10:33,590 --> 00:10:30,560

they are

320

00:10:34,389 --> 00:10:33,600

at the habitable zone distance so in

321

00:10:37,030 --> 00:10:34,399

principle

322

00:10:37,430 --> 00:10:37,040

we can't rule these out and so you know

323

00:10:45,829 --> 00:10:37,440

we

324

00:10:48,949 --> 00:10:45,839

adapt them to be able to consider

325

00:10:50,710 --> 00:10:48,959

weirder atmospheres like what if co2 was

326

00:10:52,230 --> 00:10:50,720

millions of times higher than today

327

00:10:53,910 --> 00:10:52,240

which wouldn't even happen for climate

328

00:10:55,750 --> 00:10:53,920

change or what if there was lots of

329

00:10:56,389 --> 00:10:55,760

methane or hydrogen or all sorts of

330

00:10:58,949 --> 00:10:56,399

things

331

00:10:59,590 --> 00:10:58,959

um but but you know the nutshell what

332

00:11:01,509 --> 00:10:59,600

we're finding

333

00:11:03,829 --> 00:11:01,519

is that there's really no reason that

334

00:11:06,069 --> 00:11:03,839

planets in these binary systems

335

00:11:08,069 --> 00:11:06,079

would not be habitable they might have

336

00:11:09,829 --> 00:11:08,079

like weird weather systems like

337

00:11:11,350 --> 00:11:09,839

different kinds of seasons because of

338

00:11:13,750 --> 00:11:11,360

having two stars

339

00:11:14,710 --> 00:11:13,760

but you know contrary to what i was told

340

00:11:17,829 --> 00:11:14,720

just you know

341

00:11:19,110 --> 00:11:17,839

15 20 years ago um not only are can they

342

00:11:20,710 --> 00:11:19,120

have planets but it's

343

00:11:22,389 --> 00:11:20,720

if you have a planet there's really no

344

00:11:24,150 --> 00:11:22,399

reason to think it would be any

345

00:11:26,389 --> 00:11:24,160

less habitable than earth maybe even

346

00:11:27,990 --> 00:11:26,399

more you know maybe having extra seasons

347

00:11:30,550 --> 00:11:28,000

helped accelerate the development

348

00:11:31,190 --> 00:11:30,560

of life or technology so you can kind of

349

00:11:34,310 --> 00:11:31,200

run

350

00:11:35,350 --> 00:11:34,320

but like you know i'm sure there's star

351
00:11:37,910 --> 00:11:35,360
wars fans these are

352
00:11:38,389 --> 00:11:37,920
like tatooine is the classic example and

353
00:11:43,829 --> 00:11:38,399
so

354
00:11:45,190 --> 00:11:43,839
habitability in the galaxy in the

355
00:11:47,269 --> 00:11:45,200
universe that at least

356
00:11:49,509 --> 00:11:47,279
based on what we're finding like we

357
00:11:50,470 --> 00:11:49,519
should search binary and single stars

358
00:11:52,389 --> 00:11:50,480
for for

359
00:11:53,590 --> 00:11:52,399
planets i love that so much and i love

360
00:11:55,110 --> 00:11:53,600
this idea of letting your imagination

361
00:11:56,629 --> 00:11:55,120
kind of run wild

362
00:11:58,069 --> 00:11:56,639
nick schneider is a professor at the

363
00:11:59,590 --> 00:11:58,079

university of colorado who i had for a

364

00:12:01,990 --> 00:11:59,600

graduate class in

365

00:12:03,750 --> 00:12:02,000

astrophysics and he was mentioning how

366

00:12:05,269 --> 00:12:03,760

with exoplanets almost everything we

367

00:12:07,030 --> 00:12:05,279

ever think we know about planets keeps

368

00:12:08,710 --> 00:12:07,040

getting smashed over and over again

369

00:12:10,069 --> 00:12:08,720

by new discoveries with new kinds of

370

00:12:11,509 --> 00:12:10,079

exoplanets and so

371

00:12:13,670 --> 00:12:11,519

maybe yeah maybe there's all kinds of

372

00:12:16,310 --> 00:12:13,680

weird things out there um

373

00:12:17,750 --> 00:12:16,320

so quick fun question say you're you're

374

00:12:19,430 --> 00:12:17,760

a smart alien uh

375

00:12:20,710 --> 00:12:19,440

civilization 100 light years away from

376

00:12:22,150 --> 00:12:20,720

where we are right now and you have the

377

00:12:24,550 --> 00:12:22,160

same astronomical

378

00:12:25,670 --> 00:12:24,560

technology that we do what what would

379

00:12:27,110 --> 00:12:25,680

you think looking

380

00:12:28,310 --> 00:12:27,120

at the earth and venus and mars what

381

00:12:31,430 --> 00:12:28,320

would you think looking at our solar

382

00:12:36,150 --> 00:12:34,389

well if i was an alien that far away i

383

00:12:38,389 --> 00:12:36,160

guess it would depend on what level of

384

00:12:40,870 --> 00:12:38,399

technology we were at um

385

00:12:43,910 --> 00:12:40,880

but but we tend to think that any

386

00:12:46,069 --> 00:12:43,920

extraterrestrials that we could observe

387

00:12:48,069 --> 00:12:46,079

are probably going to be around for a

388

00:12:49,110 --> 00:12:48,079

really long time they probably are not

389

00:12:50,790 --> 00:12:49,120

this transient

390

00:12:53,110 --> 00:12:50,800

phenomenon just because the likelihood

391

00:12:55,670 --> 00:12:53,120

that we catch a civilization

392

00:12:57,670 --> 00:12:55,680

in you know it's it's short brief

393

00:13:00,949 --> 00:12:57,680

lifetime before it goes extinct

394

00:13:02,550 --> 00:13:00,959

is just incredibly astronomically lucky

395

00:13:04,949 --> 00:13:02,560

but the ones we're more likely to see

396

00:13:06,790 --> 00:13:04,959

are any that have lasted for not just

397

00:13:08,310 --> 00:13:06,800

thousands but you know

398

00:13:10,230 --> 00:13:08,320

not even hundreds of thousands probably

399

00:13:11,829 --> 00:13:10,240

millions of years or longer

400

00:13:13,670 --> 00:13:11,839

because the time scales we talk about in

401
00:13:16,790 --> 00:13:13,680
astronomy are so

402
00:13:17,350 --> 00:13:16,800
big a star like the sun has another you

403
00:13:19,990 --> 00:13:17,360
know

404
00:13:20,790 --> 00:13:20,000
will last for five to ten billion years

405
00:13:27,350 --> 00:13:20,800
so

406
00:13:28,790 --> 00:13:27,360
civilizations a long-lived civilization

407
00:13:31,829 --> 00:13:28,800
and i looked at earth

408
00:13:33,990 --> 00:13:31,839
uh i mean we're we're in we're in a

409
00:13:35,910 --> 00:13:34,000
precarious phase we've we've

410
00:13:38,470 --> 00:13:35,920
developed a lot of technology we've

411
00:13:40,150 --> 00:13:38,480
developed the ability to send signals

412
00:13:42,069 --> 00:13:40,160
through interstellar space

413
00:13:43,750 --> 00:13:42,079

to start modifying our environment to

414

00:13:46,069 --> 00:13:43,760

modify our surface

415

00:13:47,590 --> 00:13:46,079

and and i think even from remote

416

00:13:49,829 --> 00:13:47,600

observations it would be

417

00:13:50,629 --> 00:13:49,839

unclear if earth could manage its

418

00:13:53,269 --> 00:13:50,639

trajectory

419

00:13:54,230 --> 00:13:53,279

for the long term right and you've been

420

00:13:55,829 --> 00:13:54,240

you've been really involved you've

421

00:13:57,990 --> 00:13:55,839

written articles about

422

00:14:00,150 --> 00:13:58,000

uh the future of our civilization and

423

00:14:01,670 --> 00:14:00,160

what comes next in our civilization

424

00:14:03,269 --> 00:14:01,680

um do you think that that

425

00:14:03,829 --> 00:14:03,279

technologically that we that we are

426

00:14:05,590 --> 00:14:03,839

doomed or

427

00:14:07,030 --> 00:14:05,600

that we're destined to to damage

428

00:14:08,310 --> 00:14:07,040

ourselves do you think there is a very

429

00:14:10,069 --> 00:14:08,320

good way forward

430

00:14:11,030 --> 00:14:10,079

um how do you envision the future

431

00:14:12,949 --> 00:14:11,040

looking forward right now for our

432

00:14:14,550 --> 00:14:12,959

civilization

433

00:14:17,189 --> 00:14:14,560

i'm an optimist i'll never say we're

434

00:14:20,629 --> 00:14:17,199

doomed that's that's there's always

435

00:14:21,829 --> 00:14:20,639

you always have to try um but we have

436

00:14:23,430 --> 00:14:21,839

some big challenges

437

00:14:25,590 --> 00:14:23,440

we definitely have big challenges

438

00:14:26,870 --> 00:14:25,600

there's i mean i mean climate change is

439

00:14:30,150 --> 00:14:26,880

almost a symptom

440

00:14:31,990 --> 00:14:30,160

of deeper problems there's there's uh

441

00:14:33,750 --> 00:14:32,000

really it's energy use there's there's

442

00:14:34,150 --> 00:14:33,760

aspects of the world that are dealing

443

00:14:40,710 --> 00:14:34,160

with

444

00:14:42,550 --> 00:14:40,720

and then the areas that are not are are

445

00:14:43,990 --> 00:14:42,560

dealing with an aging population and how

446

00:14:46,790 --> 00:14:44,000

to support the elderly so those

447

00:14:47,189 --> 00:14:46,800

are big social problems and coupled to

448

00:14:48,870 --> 00:14:47,199

those

449

00:14:50,310 --> 00:14:48,880

is a demand for increased energy

450

00:14:51,750 --> 00:14:50,320

everybody wants to have

451
00:14:53,110 --> 00:14:51,760
you know i have a very nice lifestyle

452
00:14:54,230 --> 00:14:53,120
here in the united states i'm very

453
00:14:55,910 --> 00:14:54,240
grateful for it

454
00:14:57,189 --> 00:14:55,920
there are and you know there's lots of

455
00:14:59,030 --> 00:14:57,199
other places in the world that have

456
00:15:00,230 --> 00:14:59,040
similar lifestyles but many places that

457
00:15:02,389 --> 00:15:00,240
do not at all have

458
00:15:03,750 --> 00:15:02,399
have a nice air-conditioned house to be

459
00:15:07,829 --> 00:15:03,760
in in the summer

460
00:15:10,310 --> 00:15:07,839
for example and i i think everybody

461
00:15:12,150 --> 00:15:10,320
has i would love for everybody to have

462
00:15:14,150 --> 00:15:12,160
that but the reality is probably more of

463
00:15:14,790 --> 00:15:14,160

us need to not have those luxuries in

464

00:15:17,350 --> 00:15:14,800

order

465

00:15:19,350 --> 00:15:17,360

to really have a sustainable future and

466

00:15:21,430 --> 00:15:19,360

so that's a really tricky balance

467

00:15:23,590 --> 00:15:21,440

and so there's we're continually

468

00:15:25,030 --> 00:15:23,600

demanding you know exponentially more

469

00:15:28,550 --> 00:15:25,040

energy each year

470

00:15:28,870 --> 00:15:28,560

um can we flatten out that curve to use

471

00:15:36,790 --> 00:15:28,880

the

472

00:15:39,110 --> 00:15:36,800

future

473

00:15:40,069 --> 00:15:39,120

we've slowed that growth and we found a

474

00:15:42,550 --> 00:15:40,079

way so that the energy

475

00:15:43,430 --> 00:15:42,560

we consume is matching the energy we

476
00:15:46,310 --> 00:15:43,440
produce

477
00:15:47,749 --> 00:15:46,320
and and we're not outpacing our own

478
00:15:50,710 --> 00:15:47,759
growth and that's really the

479
00:15:50,949 --> 00:15:50,720
the risk well that's great um i mean

480
00:15:52,230 --> 00:15:50,959
it's

481
00:15:54,710 --> 00:15:52,240
important to think about right that this

482
00:15:56,550 --> 00:15:54,720
is where we are going um it also kind of

483
00:15:58,949 --> 00:15:56,560
leads me into this idea of the kardashev

484
00:16:01,350 --> 00:15:58,959
scale and how civilizations use energy

485
00:16:02,550 --> 00:16:01,360
uh and for a lot of us uh that was kind

486
00:16:04,069 --> 00:16:02,560
of our introduction to the idea of

487
00:16:05,269 --> 00:16:04,079
techno signatures was this idea of the

488
00:16:06,629 --> 00:16:05,279

kardashev scale but

489

00:16:09,430 --> 00:16:06,639

it's a really big scale that kind of

490

00:16:12,470 --> 00:16:09,440

goes out to like galactic civilizational

491

00:16:13,749 --> 00:16:12,480

technology use and you just organized

492

00:16:15,430 --> 00:16:13,759

this conference last week at this

493

00:16:16,310 --> 00:16:15,440

workshop last week called technoclimbs

494

00:16:17,590 --> 00:16:16,320

where

495

00:16:19,350 --> 00:16:17,600

you were discussing the science of

496

00:16:21,590 --> 00:16:19,360

techno signatures and what's coming

497

00:16:23,670 --> 00:16:21,600

in looking for technological signatures

498

00:16:25,030 --> 00:16:23,680

out there i wonder if you could just for

499

00:16:27,189 --> 00:16:25,040

our audience speak about

500

00:16:28,629 --> 00:16:27,199

what techno signatures really are and

501
00:16:30,150 --> 00:16:28,639
what this conference this this workshop

502
00:16:32,230 --> 00:16:30,160
was doing in trying to better understand

503
00:16:34,550 --> 00:16:32,240
that science

504
00:16:35,990 --> 00:16:34,560
absolutely and i'll even start with the

505
00:16:38,230 --> 00:16:36,000
connective scale since you mentioned

506
00:16:39,110 --> 00:16:38,240
it so so the idea with that kardashev

507
00:16:41,110 --> 00:16:39,120
was a russian

508
00:16:42,310 --> 00:16:41,120
scientist precursor to to a modern

509
00:16:44,790 --> 00:16:42,320
astrobiologist

510
00:16:45,829 --> 00:16:44,800
and and um the idea was what are the

511
00:16:48,150 --> 00:16:45,839
different scales

512
00:16:49,749 --> 00:16:48,160
of energy use are there for civilization

513
00:16:52,710 --> 00:16:49,759

so the type one would be

514

00:16:53,509 --> 00:16:52,720
using all the energy available to a

515

00:16:55,110 --> 00:16:53,519
planet from

516

00:16:57,350 --> 00:16:55,120
from the sunlight the starlight falling

517

00:16:59,670 --> 00:16:57,360
upon the planet

518

00:17:00,470 --> 00:16:59,680
and then a type 2 would be extending

519

00:17:02,870 --> 00:17:00,480
that sphere

520

00:17:03,990 --> 00:17:02,880
using all the sunlight available to to

521

00:17:06,230 --> 00:17:04,000
the entire

522

00:17:07,590 --> 00:17:06,240
solar system the planetary system and

523

00:17:09,510 --> 00:17:07,600
then the type three extends to the

524

00:17:10,470 --> 00:17:09,520
entire galaxy using all the energy

525

00:17:12,549 --> 00:17:10,480
output of all

526

00:17:14,069 --> 00:17:12,559

the stars now we did talk about some of

527

00:17:15,909 --> 00:17:14,079

that at this meeting

528

00:17:18,949 --> 00:17:15,919

uh which i'll get into we talked about

529

00:17:21,590 --> 00:17:18,959

galactic scale techno signatures

530

00:17:22,630 --> 00:17:21,600

and and but but um i think an

531

00:17:24,309 --> 00:17:22,640

interesting

532

00:17:26,069 --> 00:17:24,319

point that actually even motivated this

533

00:17:27,510 --> 00:17:26,079

meeting techno climbs being

534

00:17:29,350 --> 00:17:27,520

technological climates

535

00:17:31,350 --> 00:17:29,360

um one of my colleagues university of

536

00:17:33,510 --> 00:17:31,360

rochester professor adam frank

537

00:17:36,070 --> 00:17:33,520

he developed a scale that's kind of a

538

00:17:37,750 --> 00:17:36,080

complement to the kardashev scale

539

00:17:39,830 --> 00:17:37,760

where it's what are the scales of step

540

00:17:41,510 --> 00:17:39,840

steps in planetary evolution where

541

00:17:43,830 --> 00:17:41,520

there's like a class one planet which

542

00:17:45,990 --> 00:17:43,840

would be like mercury no atmosphere

543

00:17:47,909 --> 00:17:46,000

it's just heated by the star and it

544

00:17:50,070 --> 00:17:47,919

radiates out and that's it

545

00:17:52,230 --> 00:17:50,080

you might have a type 2 which would be

546

00:17:52,710 --> 00:17:52,240

like mars so there's no life but there

547

00:17:57,029 --> 00:17:52,720

is

548

00:17:58,549 --> 00:17:57,039

you're observing with a telescope

549

00:18:00,549 --> 00:17:58,559

you could differentiate between between

550

00:18:02,470 --> 00:18:00,559

those two and we found lots of examples

551
00:18:03,909 --> 00:18:02,480
of you know mercuries and and maybe some

552
00:18:07,190 --> 00:18:03,919
mars type planets

553
00:18:09,110 --> 00:18:07,200
um if if um

554
00:18:11,350 --> 00:18:09,120
type three and type four then are

555
00:18:13,590 --> 00:18:11,360
planets with life type three is a thin

556
00:18:15,909 --> 00:18:13,600
biosphere maybe like the early earth

557
00:18:16,390 --> 00:18:15,919
where you would see some signs of life

558
00:18:20,310 --> 00:18:16,400
but

559
00:18:23,430 --> 00:18:20,320
signature to pull out

560
00:18:25,430 --> 00:18:23,440
and and the influence of life is is not

561
00:18:26,870 --> 00:18:25,440
penetrated deep into the planet's

562
00:18:29,110 --> 00:18:26,880
geology yet

563
00:18:31,029 --> 00:18:29,120

type 4 you have a thick biosphere so

564

00:18:32,150 --> 00:18:31,039

everywhere you look on the planet life

565

00:18:34,950 --> 00:18:32,160

is present

566

00:18:35,669 --> 00:18:34,960

and that would be um that would be a

567

00:18:39,029 --> 00:18:35,679

very

568

00:18:40,470 --> 00:18:39,039

uh noticeable biosignature if uh

569

00:18:42,150 --> 00:18:40,480

if you were to observe that planet so

570

00:18:44,710 --> 00:18:42,160

then the one step further is a type

571

00:18:45,630 --> 00:18:44,720

five where you have a thick biosphere

572

00:18:48,310 --> 00:18:45,640

and a thick

573

00:18:50,070 --> 00:18:48,320

technosphere so what does that mean well

574

00:18:50,950 --> 00:18:50,080

it means that there's technology on the

575

00:18:53,750 --> 00:18:50,960

planet

576

00:18:55,350 --> 00:18:53,760

and it is like the biosphere in the

577

00:18:57,510 --> 00:18:55,360

sense that the life is permeating the

578

00:19:00,710 --> 00:18:57,520

whole planet you have technology

579

00:19:01,590 --> 00:19:00,720

that that has influence at all scales of

580

00:19:03,270 --> 00:19:01,600

the planet

581

00:19:05,350 --> 00:19:03,280

it's to the extent that it could be

582

00:19:07,909 --> 00:19:05,360

remotely detected if you're looking

583

00:19:08,789 --> 00:19:07,919

for that type of signature and so that's

584

00:19:11,190 --> 00:19:08,799

a techno

585

00:19:13,750 --> 00:19:11,200

signature it's some type of

586

00:19:15,510 --> 00:19:13,760

technological evidence on a planet or or

587

00:19:16,310 --> 00:19:15,520

elsewhere orbiting the planet or in the

588

00:19:19,270 --> 00:19:16,320

solar system

589

00:19:21,430 --> 00:19:19,280

but something that betrays evidence of

590

00:19:22,630 --> 00:19:21,440

technology just like a biosignature

591

00:19:23,990 --> 00:19:22,640

would be something you would look for

592

00:19:27,750 --> 00:19:24,000

that would betray evidence

593

00:19:29,669 --> 00:19:27,760

of life and so earth we're

594

00:19:31,110 --> 00:19:29,679

probably not a type one we're definitely

595

00:19:33,669 --> 00:19:31,120

not a type one kardashev

596

00:19:35,350 --> 00:19:33,679

yet we were i think about point seventy

597

00:19:37,430 --> 00:19:35,360

percent or eighty percent there

598

00:19:39,350 --> 00:19:37,440

roughly depending on how you calculate

599

00:19:43,029 --> 00:19:39,360

it and we're not at a type

600

00:19:44,070 --> 00:19:43,039

5 the class 5 planet yet we don't have

601
00:19:46,390 --> 00:19:44,080
this full

602
00:19:47,669 --> 00:19:46,400
thick technosphere we're what adam frank

603
00:19:49,750 --> 00:19:47,679
calls a hybrid planet

604
00:19:50,870 --> 00:19:49,760
we're between class 4 and 5 and the

605
00:19:53,110 --> 00:19:50,880
question is

606
00:19:54,950 --> 00:19:53,120
can we make it for the long term to be

607
00:19:57,669 --> 00:19:54,960
this this long-term

608
00:19:58,950 --> 00:19:57,679
sustainable planet with a thick techno

609
00:20:00,950 --> 00:19:58,960
sphere

610
00:20:02,549 --> 00:20:00,960
interesting does he also in this writing

611
00:20:04,870 --> 00:20:02,559
does he envision that technosphere

612
00:20:06,470 --> 00:20:04,880
growing out from the planet as well

613
00:20:08,710 --> 00:20:06,480

i mean we have things in orbit right now

614

00:20:09,990 --> 00:20:08,720

around our world a lot of us have loved

615

00:20:12,070 --> 00:20:10,000

like games like halo

616

00:20:13,750 --> 00:20:12,080

and and ring world from larry niven and

617

00:20:15,669 --> 00:20:13,760

science fiction some of these ideas

618

00:20:17,110 --> 00:20:15,679

um what is that for a techno signature

619

00:20:19,190 --> 00:20:17,120

then in this kind of scale

620

00:20:20,470 --> 00:20:19,200

when it goes beyond the world absolutely

621

00:20:22,230 --> 00:20:20,480

absolutely yeah that's where it's a

622

00:20:22,870 --> 00:20:22,240

compliment to the kardashians scale so

623

00:20:26,149 --> 00:20:22,880

the the

624

00:20:28,390 --> 00:20:26,159

atom scale really takes you up to

625

00:20:29,350 --> 00:20:28,400

class in type type one kardashev and

626

00:20:31,270 --> 00:20:29,360

then yeah of course

627

00:20:34,149 --> 00:20:31,280

so you know at this meeting techno

628

00:20:36,549 --> 00:20:34,159

climbs which was uh an online workshop

629

00:20:38,950 --> 00:20:36,559

we we did pitch it to nasa as an

630

00:20:40,390 --> 00:20:38,960

in-person workshop and then the pandemic

631

00:20:41,750 --> 00:20:40,400

happened and we said like well this is a

632

00:20:43,750 --> 00:20:41,760

great opportunity to

633

00:20:45,270 --> 00:20:43,760

at least still get together and talk

634

00:20:46,789 --> 00:20:45,280

about technic signatures and it was a

635

00:20:48,789 --> 00:20:46,799

really fun time and

636

00:20:50,390 --> 00:20:48,799

i'll tell you about the workshop in a

637

00:20:51,909 --> 00:20:50,400

bit um but

638

00:20:54,070 --> 00:20:51,919

we focused it really heavily on

639

00:20:55,350 --> 00:20:54,080

discussion which again can be more fun

640

00:20:56,149 --> 00:20:55,360

when you get to have dinner with people

641

00:20:58,630 --> 00:20:56,159

but you know what

642

00:20:59,190 --> 00:20:58,640

we had like you know over two hours of a

643

00:21:02,710 --> 00:20:59,200

really

644

00:21:05,350 --> 00:21:02,720

thought provoking

645

00:21:05,990 --> 00:21:05,360

we had a really wide range of career

646

00:21:07,510 --> 00:21:06,000

stages

647

00:21:09,350 --> 00:21:07,520

we had everyone from a high school

648

00:21:11,190 --> 00:21:09,360

student to to uh

649

00:21:12,470 --> 00:21:11,200

you know retirees in the field jill

650

00:21:15,510 --> 00:21:12,480

tarter was even there

651
00:21:17,029 --> 00:21:15,520
um we had we was and we even have

652
00:21:18,710 --> 00:21:17,039
three papers that are coming out of this

653
00:21:21,350 --> 00:21:18,720
that are being worked on now as to

654
00:21:24,549 --> 00:21:21,360
report to the community and what we did

655
00:21:26,950 --> 00:21:24,559
um so we certainly talked about techno

656
00:21:29,270 --> 00:21:26,960
signatures at all scales so

657
00:21:30,149 --> 00:21:29,280
some one example of a tech new signature

658
00:21:32,390 --> 00:21:30,159
might be

659
00:21:35,110 --> 00:21:32,400
things in the planet's atmosphere so

660
00:21:37,830 --> 00:21:35,120
with biosignatures you might look for

661
00:21:38,710 --> 00:21:37,840
wet methane and water vapor and oxygen

662
00:21:40,710 --> 00:21:38,720
and ozone

663
00:21:42,630 --> 00:21:40,720

so techno signatures might be something

664

00:21:44,470 --> 00:21:42,640

like chlorofluorocarbons

665

00:21:46,390 --> 00:21:44,480

which which as far as we know there's no

666

00:21:48,710 --> 00:21:46,400

biological process to make them these

667

00:21:50,950 --> 00:21:48,720

are industrial gases so there's

668

00:21:52,710 --> 00:21:50,960

you know things like that and there's a

669

00:21:54,230 --> 00:21:52,720

whole class of these these cfcs and

670

00:21:57,350 --> 00:21:54,240

related compounds

671

00:21:59,909 --> 00:21:57,360

um that if if you were to see those in

672

00:22:02,070 --> 00:21:59,919

a planet's atmosphere that might be

673

00:22:04,230 --> 00:22:02,080

either sign of industrial pollution

674

00:22:06,470 --> 00:22:04,240

maybe they're they're also potent

675

00:22:08,630 --> 00:22:06,480

greenhouse gases so maybe they're

676
00:22:09,510 --> 00:22:08,640
you know a civilization is using this to

677
00:22:11,310 --> 00:22:09,520
terraform

678
00:22:13,430 --> 00:22:11,320
a planet you could put a bunch of

679
00:22:14,630 --> 00:22:13,440
chlorofluorocarbons in mars for example

680
00:22:16,390 --> 00:22:14,640
to help warm

681
00:22:17,750 --> 00:22:16,400
that up if if that were something we

682
00:22:20,630 --> 00:22:17,760
were trying to do

683
00:22:22,710 --> 00:22:20,640
um but but there's other examples it

684
00:22:25,350 --> 00:22:22,720
could be a geoengineering

685
00:22:26,870 --> 00:22:25,360
maybe there's this proposal that i i

686
00:22:28,950 --> 00:22:26,880
don't really think we should do

687
00:22:31,590 --> 00:22:28,960
but it's this idea of putting uh

688
00:22:32,870 --> 00:22:31,600

essentially dust like aerosol particles

689

00:22:34,549 --> 00:22:32,880

up in the upper

690

00:22:37,110 --> 00:22:34,559

stratosphere layer of the earth's

691

00:22:38,710 --> 00:22:37,120

atmosphere to reflect away sunlight to

692

00:22:40,230 --> 00:22:38,720

offset climate change

693

00:22:42,789 --> 00:22:40,240

i've been some people are researching

694

00:22:44,950 --> 00:22:42,799

this and so if you were to do this

695

00:22:47,110 --> 00:22:44,960

you know over long time skills you might

696

00:22:48,630 --> 00:22:47,120

be able to detect evidence of that as a

697

00:22:49,909 --> 00:22:48,640

techno signature

698

00:22:52,149 --> 00:22:49,919

so there's there's things in the

699

00:22:53,750 --> 00:22:52,159

atmosphere itself that could be detected

700

00:22:55,990 --> 00:22:53,760

but then move a little ways out

701
00:22:58,950 --> 00:22:56,000
we have lots of satellites orbiting

702
00:23:00,950 --> 00:22:58,960
earth um

703
00:23:03,590 --> 00:23:00,960
our satellites may only be dimly

704
00:23:05,909 --> 00:23:03,600
detectable it depends on on what kind of

705
00:23:07,190 --> 00:23:05,919
instrument our hypothetical alien

706
00:23:10,070 --> 00:23:07,200
observers are using

707
00:23:11,669 --> 00:23:10,080
but you could imagine a much thicker

708
00:23:13,270 --> 00:23:11,679
satellite belt

709
00:23:15,270 --> 00:23:13,280
in orbit either around the planet or

710
00:23:18,310 --> 00:23:15,280
even at a greater orbit

711
00:23:20,789 --> 00:23:18,320
that you know further distant out orbit

712
00:23:22,710 --> 00:23:20,799
and that could certainly be detectable

713
00:23:24,870 --> 00:23:22,720

we talked about you know

714

00:23:26,310 --> 00:23:24,880

this kardashev type one and type two

715

00:23:28,390 --> 00:23:26,320

well how do you harness

716

00:23:30,870 --> 00:23:28,400

all the energy coming from your sign

717

00:23:33,430 --> 00:23:30,880

well you you build what's called a

718

00:23:35,029 --> 00:23:33,440

dyson sphere or a dyson swarm named

719

00:23:36,470 --> 00:23:35,039

after physicist freeman dyson he

720

00:23:38,549 --> 00:23:36,480

proposed the idea

721

00:23:39,669 --> 00:23:38,559

and so this is building giant solar

722

00:23:42,149 --> 00:23:39,679

collectors

723

00:23:42,870 --> 00:23:42,159

that orbit you know and essentially

724

00:23:45,909 --> 00:23:42,880

enclose

725

00:23:48,070 --> 00:23:45,919

the whole star if possible at

726

00:23:49,430 --> 00:23:48,080

some orbit and you're collecting vast

727

00:23:52,789 --> 00:23:49,440

amount of energy

728

00:23:55,269 --> 00:23:52,799

to support and support your

729

00:23:56,950 --> 00:23:55,279

your civilization so those are some

730

00:23:57,830 --> 00:23:56,960

types of techno signatures we might

731

00:24:00,230 --> 00:23:57,840

imagine

732

00:24:00,950 --> 00:24:00,240

um now another thing we could think

733

00:24:04,070 --> 00:24:00,960

about too

734

00:24:05,750 --> 00:24:04,080

is the idea if if i was an

735

00:24:07,590 --> 00:24:05,760

you know alien in one of these

736

00:24:09,750 --> 00:24:07,600

long-lived civilizations

737

00:24:11,269 --> 00:24:09,760

out uh 100 light years away especially

738

00:24:12,950 --> 00:24:11,279

you picked a very short distance 100

739

00:24:13,830 --> 00:24:12,960

light years away which is good for this

740

00:24:16,310 --> 00:24:13,840

experiment

741

00:24:17,909 --> 00:24:16,320

so uh i might want to send an

742

00:24:20,870 --> 00:24:17,919

exploratory probe

743

00:24:22,549 --> 00:24:20,880

to this the earth to to the solar system

744

00:24:26,230 --> 00:24:22,559

and see what's going on there

745

00:24:28,149 --> 00:24:26,240

um we've sent spacecraft out of the

746

00:24:29,990 --> 00:24:28,159

solar system not necessarily to any

747

00:24:31,990 --> 00:24:30,000

other stars yet but the voyager and

748

00:24:33,510 --> 00:24:32,000

pioneer spacecraft

749

00:24:35,350 --> 00:24:33,520

have left or are leaving the solar

750

00:24:36,470 --> 00:24:35,360

system and so we know this is the thing

751
00:24:38,390 --> 00:24:36,480
you can do

752
00:24:39,510 --> 00:24:38,400
breakthrough star shot is a privately

753
00:24:41,510 --> 00:24:39,520
funded mission

754
00:24:43,190 --> 00:24:41,520
that's at least developing the concept

755
00:24:46,549 --> 00:24:43,200
for how you would send little

756
00:24:49,990 --> 00:24:46,559
postage stamp size probes to alpha

757
00:24:51,669 --> 00:24:50,000
centauri proxima centauri system

758
00:24:53,669 --> 00:24:51,679
so this is a thing we could do and so

759
00:24:55,909 --> 00:24:53,679
that's the thing you could search for

760
00:24:56,710 --> 00:24:55,919
in the solar system is well is there

761
00:24:59,510 --> 00:24:56,720
evidence

762
00:25:00,390 --> 00:24:59,520
of extraterrestrial spacecraft in the

763
00:25:02,230 --> 00:25:00,400

solar system

764

00:25:03,750 --> 00:25:02,240

they might not even work anymore it

765

00:25:05,510 --> 00:25:03,760

could be the end of life

766

00:25:08,230 --> 00:25:05,520

of their mission but there's these

767

00:25:10,470 --> 00:25:08,240

stable lagrange points they're called

768

00:25:11,190 --> 00:25:10,480

there's stable gravitational positions

769

00:25:12,710 --> 00:25:11,200

between

770

00:25:14,549 --> 00:25:12,720

planets it's kind of a weird thing to

771

00:25:15,510 --> 00:25:14,559

think about but there's certain places

772

00:25:17,029 --> 00:25:15,520

in space where

773

00:25:19,029 --> 00:25:17,039

you just get asteroids and junk

774

00:25:21,190 --> 00:25:19,039

collecting and it just sits there

775

00:25:22,549 --> 00:25:21,200

because even though it's just outside of

776

00:25:24,950 --> 00:25:22,559

the planet that's a

777

00:25:26,230 --> 00:25:24,960

stable orbit for it so there could be

778

00:25:28,070 --> 00:25:26,240

alien garbage

779

00:25:29,669 --> 00:25:28,080

floating around in some of these places

780

00:25:30,870 --> 00:25:29,679

and we just need to find the right way

781

00:25:32,789 --> 00:25:30,880

to look for it

782

00:25:34,070 --> 00:25:32,799

i don't know how likely these hypotheses

783

00:25:35,350 --> 00:25:34,080

are but these are things we can think

784

00:25:37,269 --> 00:25:35,360

about doing now

785

00:25:39,669 --> 00:25:37,279

and and that's one way to think about

786

00:25:42,630 --> 00:25:39,679

techno signatures we're not saying

787

00:25:43,990 --> 00:25:42,640

we as humans can imagine every possible

788

00:25:45,909 --> 00:25:44,000

technology out there

789

00:25:47,350 --> 00:25:45,919

what we're actually saying is we can we

790

00:25:50,710 --> 00:25:47,360

know what we can do

791

00:25:53,110 --> 00:25:50,720

and we know what we could do with

792

00:25:54,630 --> 00:25:53,120

a lot of funding or just a bunch more

793

00:25:56,390 --> 00:25:54,640

time

794

00:25:58,470 --> 00:25:56,400

and those are at least things that are

795

00:26:00,070 --> 00:25:58,480

plausible they are consistent with the

796

00:26:01,669 --> 00:26:00,080

laws of physics that we know

797

00:26:03,430 --> 00:26:01,679

there might be other things out there i

798

00:26:04,950 --> 00:26:03,440

would love to know about them but that's

799

00:26:08,390 --> 00:26:04,960

at least a great way to start

800

00:26:09,669 --> 00:26:08,400

thinking about this is what's plausible

801

00:26:11,430 --> 00:26:09,679

what's physically possible

802

00:26:13,269 --> 00:26:11,440

it's harder to rule things out but you

803

00:26:14,950 --> 00:26:13,279

can at least make plausibility arguments

804

00:26:16,789 --> 00:26:14,960

and try to search for those things

805

00:26:18,070 --> 00:26:16,799

and i guess one other thing i'll say

806

00:26:20,149 --> 00:26:18,080

from this meeting

807

00:26:21,510 --> 00:26:20,159

it's directly related to that is you

808

00:26:23,909 --> 00:26:21,520

can't always have

809

00:26:26,310 --> 00:26:23,919

a neat hypothesis driven investigation

810

00:26:29,110 --> 00:26:26,320

like that for techno signature science

811

00:26:29,990 --> 00:26:29,120

a lot of astronomy was was serendipity

812

00:26:32,710 --> 00:26:30,000

it was a

813

00:26:36,070 --> 00:26:32,720

an unprecedented discovery of something

814

00:26:39,190 --> 00:26:36,080

weird and you did not necessarily have

815

00:26:41,669 --> 00:26:39,200

theory for that observation at the time

816

00:26:43,510 --> 00:26:41,679

and that had to come second and so we

817

00:26:45,990 --> 00:26:43,520

should do both we should look

818

00:26:47,669 --> 00:26:46,000

for plausible things that we can think

819

00:26:48,149 --> 00:26:47,679

of for techno signatures we should also

820

00:26:51,350 --> 00:26:48,159

look for

821

00:26:53,269 --> 00:26:51,360

weird things everywhere not jump to the

822

00:26:54,789 --> 00:26:53,279

conclusion that it must be aliens

823

00:26:57,029 --> 00:26:54,799

but look for weird things you're going

824

00:26:58,870 --> 00:26:57,039

to learn interesting science anyway

825

00:27:00,789 --> 00:26:58,880

and you know the discovery of ex of the

826
00:27:01,269 --> 00:27:00,799
techno signature it could come from some

827
00:27:03,190 --> 00:27:01,279
field

828
00:27:05,029 --> 00:27:03,200
that's not doing astrobiology right now

829
00:27:07,110 --> 00:27:05,039
and they find something weird

830
00:27:09,029 --> 00:27:07,120
and hopefully eventually talk to some

831
00:27:11,750 --> 00:27:09,039
astrobiologists who helped sort it out

832
00:27:12,870 --> 00:27:11,760
and probably spent decades arguing about

833
00:27:15,990 --> 00:27:12,880
it but you know

834
00:27:18,830 --> 00:27:16,000
maybe that's what what it'll really be

835
00:27:20,389 --> 00:27:18,840
is not this nice neat we've discovered

836
00:27:21,909 --> 00:27:20,399
chlorofluorocarbons on

837
00:27:23,510 --> 00:27:21,919
you know another planet but it'll be

838
00:27:24,549 --> 00:27:23,520

just something totally weird that we

839

00:27:26,310 --> 00:27:24,559

didn't expect

840

00:27:28,310 --> 00:27:26,320

yeah that's awesome i mean you know you

841

00:27:29,430 --> 00:27:28,320

have those eureka moments right um

842

00:27:31,350 --> 00:27:29,440

and sometimes it's like well why didn't

843

00:27:32,630 --> 00:27:31,360

i think of that because there are things

844

00:27:33,830 --> 00:27:32,640

that we just don't know yet

845

00:27:35,029 --> 00:27:33,840

we humans are learning we're always

846

00:27:36,870 --> 00:27:35,039

curious we're always learning so i'm

847

00:27:38,230 --> 00:27:36,880

very glad to hear you frame it that way

848

00:27:39,750 --> 00:27:38,240

uh also glad to hear that you brought

849

00:27:40,630 --> 00:27:39,760

freeman dyson in the idea of the dyson

850

00:27:42,630 --> 00:27:40,640

sphere since

851

00:27:44,070 --> 00:27:42,640

it was originally his idea just for why

852

00:27:46,230 --> 00:27:44,080

we should be looking for

853

00:27:47,350 --> 00:27:46,240

alien technology outside of just radio

854

00:27:49,590 --> 00:27:47,360

waves right we should look in

855

00:27:51,430 --> 00:27:49,600

infrared as well to find something like

856

00:27:53,909 --> 00:27:51,440

a dyson sphere yes you're

857

00:27:55,029 --> 00:27:53,919

awesome i have this uh nice model of a

858

00:27:56,630 --> 00:27:55,039

dyson sphere

859

00:27:58,870 --> 00:27:56,640

ryan felton made this he was on our

860

00:28:02,549 --> 00:27:58,880

organizing committee so we have

861

00:28:05,029 --> 00:28:02,559

life looks for life it's a

862

00:28:07,110 --> 00:28:05,039

say a carl sacon quote and yeah it spins

863

00:28:08,789 --> 00:28:07,120

around so we've got a little 3d printed

864

00:28:10,789 --> 00:28:08,799

dyson sphere here it's very cool yeah we

865

00:28:12,230 --> 00:28:10,799

can go into philosophy forever of

866

00:28:14,149 --> 00:28:12,240

whether or not it's like you know that

867

00:28:15,110 --> 00:28:14,159

life actually does have to look for life

868

00:28:17,029 --> 00:28:15,120

is that part of

869

00:28:18,549 --> 00:28:17,039

something that's innate and born into us

870

00:28:21,029 --> 00:28:18,559

uh we don't have much more time yet

871

00:28:22,710 --> 00:28:21,039

uh just you and i uh conversing here i

872

00:28:23,430 --> 00:28:22,720

see lots of questions coming in from our

873

00:28:25,029 --> 00:28:23,440

audience

874

00:28:26,230 --> 00:28:25,039

uh a reminder for those watching if you

875

00:28:27,350 --> 00:28:26,240

haven't asked the question or would like

876

00:28:29,669 --> 00:28:27,360

to ask a question for dick

877

00:28:32,070 --> 00:28:29,679

for dr hawk misra you can ask in the

878

00:28:33,669 --> 00:28:32,080

chat on facebook or on segonnet

879

00:28:36,310 --> 00:28:33,679

or if you like you can use hashtag

880

00:28:38,389 --> 00:28:36,320

askastrobio on twitter to ask a question

881

00:28:39,669 --> 00:28:38,399

uh those are starting to peel in now in

882

00:28:42,549 --> 00:28:39,679

my teleprompter

883

00:28:43,830 --> 00:28:42,559

uh before we go to the q a though i have

884

00:28:45,590 --> 00:28:43,840

a few more things i'd love to talk about

885

00:28:46,630 --> 00:28:45,600

with you uh one of those i know that

886

00:28:48,549 --> 00:28:46,640

right now

887

00:28:50,549 --> 00:28:48,559

you're working on a book on mars

888

00:28:52,549 --> 00:28:50,559

settlement specifically focusing

889

00:28:54,149 --> 00:28:52,559

on the governance of mars uh and i'm

890

00:28:56,389 --> 00:28:54,159

wondering if you could talk to us about

891

00:28:58,149 --> 00:28:56,399

why that issue is so important to you

892

00:29:00,230 --> 00:28:58,159

uh and what you envisioned for the for

893

00:29:03,750 --> 00:29:00,240

the future of human exploration of mars

894

00:29:04,470 --> 00:29:03,760

especially mars governance i think a lot

895

00:29:06,470 --> 00:29:04,480

of us

896

00:29:08,230 --> 00:29:06,480

are interested in this idea of where are

897

00:29:10,470 --> 00:29:08,240

humans going to go in space

898

00:29:11,990 --> 00:29:10,480

and you know that's not what that's

899

00:29:13,750 --> 00:29:12,000

separate from this idea of planetary

900

00:29:15,190 --> 00:29:13,760

habitability but but it is related in

901
00:29:15,990 --> 00:29:15,200
the sense to what extent does the

902
00:29:17,909 --> 00:29:16,000
species

903
00:29:19,510 --> 00:29:17,919
leave its planet and is that possible

904
00:29:20,710 --> 00:29:19,520
because that would inform what kind of

905
00:29:24,149 --> 00:29:20,720
techno signatures

906
00:29:26,310 --> 00:29:24,159
we would look for um but um you know as

907
00:29:27,830 --> 00:29:26,320
these private investors uh

908
00:29:29,510 --> 00:29:27,840
well you know there's companies like

909
00:29:30,950 --> 00:29:29,520
spacex um

910
00:29:32,630 --> 00:29:30,960
and others that are interested in either

911
00:29:35,669 --> 00:29:32,640
going to mars or asteroids

912
00:29:37,110 --> 00:29:35,679
and uh nasa and china and and um the

913
00:29:41,029 --> 00:29:37,120

united arab emirates

914

00:29:43,190 --> 00:29:41,039

mission uh they're planning on sending

915

00:29:44,630 --> 00:29:43,200

humans to mars by 2117.

916

00:29:46,549 --> 00:29:44,640

so there's this interest in sending

917

00:29:46,950 --> 00:29:46,559

people to mars and i started wondering

918

00:29:49,830 --> 00:29:46,960

well

919

00:29:51,830 --> 00:29:49,840

how does you know governance who owns

920

00:29:53,350 --> 00:29:51,840

mars was my first question and i started

921

00:29:54,950 --> 00:29:53,360

you know getting deeper into it and

922

00:29:55,990 --> 00:29:54,960

learning that well there's this outer

923

00:29:58,789 --> 00:29:56,000

space treaty

924

00:30:01,269 --> 00:29:58,799

that says that you can't have space

925

00:30:04,149 --> 00:30:01,279

appropriated by a sovereign nation

926
00:30:05,909 --> 00:30:04,159
so it can't be claimed by anybody but

927
00:30:07,350 --> 00:30:05,919
you know it's it's not just as cut as

928
00:30:10,710 --> 00:30:07,360
dry as that because you're still

929
00:30:12,950 --> 00:30:10,720
there's there's momentum in building um

930
00:30:14,389 --> 00:30:12,960
essentially space settlements as i

931
00:30:15,990 --> 00:30:14,399
learned more about it

932
00:30:17,830 --> 00:30:16,000
this outer space treaty was written

933
00:30:20,389 --> 00:30:17,840
during the middle of the cold war

934
00:30:21,029 --> 00:30:20,399
uh when the the real interest in space

935
00:30:24,950 --> 00:30:21,039
was

936
00:30:25,669 --> 00:30:24,960
space the united states or the soviet

937
00:30:26,870 --> 00:30:25,679
union

938
00:30:28,710 --> 00:30:26,880

and they were afraid of the

939

00:30:30,149 --> 00:30:28,720

militarization of space they're afraid

940

00:30:33,190 --> 00:30:30,159

of the moon becoming

941

00:30:37,190 --> 00:30:33,200

either the 51st state or another

942

00:30:39,590 --> 00:30:37,200

um you know annex of russia um

943

00:30:41,110 --> 00:30:39,600

so so that was part of the motivation

944

00:30:42,789 --> 00:30:41,120

there was nobody was thinking about

945

00:30:44,789 --> 00:30:42,799

commercial space exploration

946

00:30:46,149 --> 00:30:44,799

when this was written and so that's

947

00:30:49,350 --> 00:30:46,159

really what motivated me

948

00:30:52,070 --> 00:30:49,360

to to to work on studying this

949

00:30:53,510 --> 00:30:52,080

and um so it's kind of the nutshell of

950

00:30:55,990 --> 00:30:53,520

the book is what can we learn from

951
00:30:56,549 --> 00:30:56,000
governance on earth where we have you

952
00:30:59,110 --> 00:30:56,559
know

953
00:31:00,950 --> 00:30:59,120
sharing of resources where we're where

954
00:31:02,789 --> 00:31:00,960
it's not just one nation owns everything

955
00:31:04,630 --> 00:31:02,799
but are there places we can look

956
00:31:06,389 --> 00:31:04,640
where there's this sharing either

957
00:31:08,710 --> 00:31:06,399
successfully or unsuccessfully and what

958
00:31:11,110 --> 00:31:08,720
can we learn from that for what might

959
00:31:13,110 --> 00:31:11,120
apply to the mars environment so one

960
00:31:16,389 --> 00:31:13,120
example is antarctica

961
00:31:17,430 --> 00:31:16,399
where it's mars-like in the sense that

962
00:31:19,750 --> 00:31:17,440
it's very remote

963
00:31:21,750 --> 00:31:19,760

you have to have all your supplies

964

00:31:24,870 --> 00:31:21,760

delivered on a regular basis

965

00:31:27,669 --> 00:31:24,880

the the conditions for survival are not

966

00:31:29,430 --> 00:31:27,679

uh really they don't really promote

967

00:31:29,990 --> 00:31:29,440

human flourishing you really have to

968

00:31:31,590 --> 00:31:30,000

have

969

00:31:34,070 --> 00:31:31,600

be prepared in order to survive in

970

00:31:35,909 --> 00:31:34,080

antarctica and also

971

00:31:37,830 --> 00:31:35,919

most of what goes on in antarctica is

972

00:31:39,909 --> 00:31:37,840

science research and that

973

00:31:41,430 --> 00:31:39,919

may be at least you know for the

974

00:31:43,750 --> 00:31:41,440

near-term future a lot of what happens

975

00:31:47,909 --> 00:31:43,760

in space too and is happening in space

976
00:31:49,750 --> 00:31:47,919
um so the antarctic treaty system

977
00:31:51,029 --> 00:31:49,760
kind of is a weird model we won't get

978
00:31:52,470 --> 00:31:51,039
into all the details

979
00:31:55,669 --> 00:31:52,480
but there actually are claims in

980
00:31:57,509 --> 00:31:55,679
antarctica and the treaty came later

981
00:31:58,710 --> 00:31:57,519
some of those claims conflict with each

982
00:32:01,990 --> 00:31:58,720
other but

983
00:32:04,070 --> 00:32:02,000
the treaty it suspends those

984
00:32:05,830 --> 00:32:04,080
claims so that's kind of the world we're

985
00:32:07,909 --> 00:32:05,840
living in now is where there are claims

986
00:32:09,750 --> 00:32:07,919
in the antarctic uh you if you go to

987
00:32:11,110 --> 00:32:09,760
for example the argentine sector i

988
00:32:12,789 --> 00:32:11,120

believe they will stamp your passport

989

00:32:14,549 --> 00:32:12,799

with an argentinian stand

990

00:32:15,830 --> 00:32:14,559

but it's meaningless in the sense that

991

00:32:18,470 --> 00:32:15,840

the treaty says that

992

00:32:19,750 --> 00:32:18,480

no one can assert that they control any

993

00:32:22,149 --> 00:32:19,760

part of antarctica

994

00:32:23,029 --> 00:32:22,159

um the prerequisites to be part of the

995

00:32:25,430 --> 00:32:23,039

treaty

996

00:32:26,310 --> 00:32:25,440

uh is to have the science base in

997

00:32:28,950 --> 00:32:26,320

antarctica

998

00:32:29,350 --> 00:32:28,960

so it's an interesting solution also

999

00:32:31,509 --> 00:32:29,360

where

1000

00:32:33,110 --> 00:32:31,519

it's not a united nations treaty but

1001
00:32:33,990 --> 00:32:33,120
anybody could collaborate with any

1002
00:32:36,950 --> 00:32:34,000
nation

1003
00:32:38,789 --> 00:32:36,960
to to have scientists in antarctica to

1004
00:32:41,750 --> 00:32:38,799
be part of that organization

1005
00:32:43,909 --> 00:32:41,760
um the reality of that is it's

1006
00:32:46,070 --> 00:32:43,919
included most nations other than

1007
00:32:47,269 --> 00:32:46,080
uh almost all of africa except for south

1008
00:32:49,509 --> 00:32:47,279
africa who

1009
00:32:51,029 --> 00:32:49,519
probably doesn't have resources to

1010
00:32:54,710 --> 00:32:51,039
invest in antarctic

1011
00:32:55,269 --> 00:32:54,720
research program um so there's a lot

1012
00:32:57,029 --> 00:32:55,279
there

1013
00:32:58,710 --> 00:32:57,039

obviously that we won't unpack right now

1014

00:32:59,830 --> 00:32:58,720

but you can see where an example like

1015

00:33:02,470 --> 00:32:59,840

that there's some

1016

00:33:04,789 --> 00:33:02,480

some benefits and and maybe some aspects

1017

00:33:07,190 --> 00:33:04,799

to avoid with what we would do on mars

1018

00:33:07,830 --> 00:33:07,200

i'm not saying my book will solve the

1019

00:33:10,710 --> 00:33:07,840

problem

1020

00:33:12,710 --> 00:33:10,720

my goal is to to start this discussion

1021

00:33:14,389 --> 00:33:12,720

well in advance of when the first humans

1022

00:33:15,430 --> 00:33:14,399

actually go to mars that's awesome

1023

00:33:17,430 --> 00:33:15,440

i definitely look forward to reading the

1024

00:33:17,909 --> 00:33:17,440

book too the first that comes to mind

1025

00:33:20,310 --> 00:33:17,919

for me

1026

00:33:21,190 --> 00:33:20,320

is how governments through time have for

1027

00:33:23,350 --> 00:33:21,200

instance taken over

1028

00:33:25,350 --> 00:33:23,360

the lands of indigenous peoples uh and

1029

00:33:26,630 --> 00:33:25,360

then relegated them to other areas or

1030

00:33:28,230 --> 00:33:26,640

not at all

1031

00:33:30,070 --> 00:33:28,240

and just wiped them out and then chose

1032

00:33:31,909 --> 00:33:30,080

that they own this land now and

1033

00:33:33,590 --> 00:33:31,919

and how that those land laws have worked

1034

00:33:35,830 --> 00:33:33,600

through time based on

1035

00:33:36,950 --> 00:33:35,840

conquerors and things like that so i

1036

00:33:37,590 --> 00:33:36,960

look forward to reading the book for

1037

00:33:39,990 --> 00:33:37,600

sure

1038

00:33:41,509 --> 00:33:40,000

i'd love to talk more about that but i

1039

00:33:42,870 --> 00:33:41,519

really want to get into the q a soon one

1040

00:33:45,590 --> 00:33:42,880

more thing i want to bring up with you

1041

00:33:47,269 --> 00:33:45,600

before i open it up to our audience here

1042

00:33:48,710 --> 00:33:47,279

uh you know you're such a well-rounded

1043

00:33:49,509 --> 00:33:48,720

scientist you do all these really cool

1044

00:33:51,909 --> 00:33:49,519

things and

1045

00:33:52,870 --> 00:33:51,919

biosignatures and exoplanets and techno

1046

00:33:54,630 --> 00:33:52,880

signatures

1047

00:33:55,909 --> 00:33:54,640

and mars governance and these things

1048

00:33:57,669 --> 00:33:55,919

like this um

1049

00:33:59,269 --> 00:33:57,679

but you're also really into music and

1050

00:34:01,669 --> 00:33:59,279

you play with a band

1051
00:34:02,549 --> 00:34:01,679
tell us about that what drives you to be

1052
00:34:03,990 --> 00:34:02,559
involved in

1053
00:34:07,269 --> 00:34:04,000
enjoying this band and traveling around

1054
00:34:09,190 --> 00:34:07,279
making music i've played music for

1055
00:34:10,950 --> 00:34:09,200
most of my life you know i started

1056
00:34:12,710 --> 00:34:10,960
briefly on trombone but then moved to

1057
00:34:14,790 --> 00:34:12,720
percussion and i play

1058
00:34:15,750 --> 00:34:14,800
you know auxiliary percussion and drum

1059
00:34:18,149 --> 00:34:15,760
set and

1060
00:34:19,589 --> 00:34:18,159
mallet instruments and so i play in the

1061
00:34:21,750 --> 00:34:19,599
band is mystery train

1062
00:34:23,270 --> 00:34:21,760
and that's even how i met my wife gina

1063
00:34:25,909 --> 00:34:23,280

uh she's the keyboard player

1064

00:34:27,109 --> 00:34:25,919

and so i play you know uh percussion i

1065

00:34:29,669 --> 00:34:27,119

have a vibraphone

1066

00:34:30,230 --> 00:34:29,679

uh we have a drum set player we have uh

1067

00:34:34,069 --> 00:34:30,240

you know

1068

00:34:35,990 --> 00:34:34,079

rhythm guitar lead guitar and bass um

1069

00:34:38,069 --> 00:34:36,000

we're all original we're you know

1070

00:34:40,710 --> 00:34:38,079

stylistically along the lines of like

1071

00:34:42,790 --> 00:34:40,720

grateful dead almond brothers pink floyd

1072

00:34:43,750 --> 00:34:42,800

but it's all original music our lead

1073

00:34:45,909 --> 00:34:43,760

guitar dan

1074

00:34:48,790 --> 00:34:45,919

writes a lot of the songs gina writes an

1075

00:34:50,230 --> 00:34:48,800

awful lot i write a few songs um

1076
00:34:52,310 --> 00:34:50,240
and and yeah you know we play a lot of

1077
00:34:53,589 --> 00:34:52,320
festivals we'll play indoor shows over

1078
00:34:55,270 --> 00:34:53,599
the winter time

1079
00:34:57,109 --> 00:34:55,280
um you know we've we've been around for

1080
00:34:58,950 --> 00:34:57,119
11 years now and we've had some fun

1081
00:35:01,270 --> 00:34:58,960
shows we opened for the dark star

1082
00:35:02,150 --> 00:35:01,280
orchestra and rusted root and the mickey

1083
00:35:04,710 --> 00:35:02,160
heart band

1084
00:35:06,310 --> 00:35:04,720
and and yeah seeing a lot of fun places

1085
00:35:06,950 --> 00:35:06,320
been around the central pennsylvania

1086
00:35:09,750 --> 00:35:06,960
region

1087
00:35:11,589 --> 00:35:09,760
and you know into some other states um

1088
00:35:14,870 --> 00:35:11,599

right now of course with the pandemic

1089

00:35:15,270 --> 00:35:14,880

we are not uh uh playing shows but we

1090

00:35:17,510 --> 00:35:15,280

did

1091

00:35:19,349 --> 00:35:17,520

you know after 11 years we've put out a

1092

00:35:21,030 --> 00:35:19,359

lot of live recordings but we've never

1093

00:35:23,190 --> 00:35:21,040

really done a proper

1094

00:35:24,550 --> 00:35:23,200

you know mixed studio recording so

1095

00:35:26,870 --> 00:35:24,560

that's what we're doing now

1096

00:35:28,310 --> 00:35:26,880

and so we will be available uh to listen

1097

00:35:29,510 --> 00:35:28,320

to on spotify so too

1098

00:35:31,349 --> 00:35:29,520

oh that's wonderful i look forward to

1099

00:35:32,870 --> 00:35:31,359

listening to it then i've seen some of

1100

00:35:34,630 --> 00:35:32,880

the videos of you guys playing live but

1101

00:35:35,910 --> 00:35:34,640

yeah a studio recording be awesome

1102

00:35:37,750 --> 00:35:35,920

uh i'll definitely help with ask an

1103

00:35:39,670 --> 00:35:37,760

astro biologist to share that

1104

00:35:40,950 --> 00:35:39,680

um well let's go let's go to the q a now

1105

00:35:41,670 --> 00:35:40,960

since we do have a bunch of questions

1106

00:35:43,030 --> 00:35:41,680

pouring in

1107

00:35:45,589 --> 00:35:43,040

i know we don't have time for all of

1108

00:35:47,349 --> 00:35:45,599

them but everyone at home please asking

1109

00:35:48,870 --> 00:35:47,359

keep asking your questions if we don't

1110

00:35:50,310 --> 00:35:48,880

get to them we'll also share them with

1111

00:35:51,589 --> 00:35:50,320

jacob and he can answer them online

1112

00:35:53,430 --> 00:35:51,599

potentially later

1113

00:35:54,870 --> 00:35:53,440

um let's start off with a question from

1114

00:35:56,950 --> 00:35:54,880

marianne denton

1115

00:35:57,990 --> 00:35:56,960

a longtime viewer of the show she's at

1116

00:36:00,950 --> 00:35:58,000

astro limno

1117

00:36:01,589 --> 00:36:00,960

our astro underscore leno on twitter

1118

00:36:04,790 --> 00:36:01,599

marianne

1119

00:36:07,349 --> 00:36:04,800

asks is there an earth orbiter satellite

1120

00:36:08,150 --> 00:36:07,359

that shows our level of or rate of

1121

00:36:11,270 --> 00:36:08,160

change

1122

00:36:13,510 --> 00:36:11,280

in anthropogenic co2 that could help us

1123

00:36:14,589 --> 00:36:13,520

model for atmospheres of exoplanets that

1124

00:36:17,270 --> 00:36:14,599

may infer the presence of

1125

00:36:18,870 --> 00:36:17,280

industrialization

1126

00:36:21,030 --> 00:36:18,880

well they're definitely satellites that

1127

00:36:22,069 --> 00:36:21,040

measure co2 from space i think there's

1128

00:36:23,430 --> 00:36:22,079

several of them

1129

00:36:26,069 --> 00:36:23,440

i'm not going to be able to name them

1130

00:36:29,750 --> 00:36:26,079

off the top of my head but that is how

1131

00:36:32,630 --> 00:36:29,760

we we do you know as scientists earth

1132

00:36:34,310 --> 00:36:32,640

planetary scale monitoring and how we

1133

00:36:35,670 --> 00:36:34,320

determine not just what the co2

1134

00:36:37,829 --> 00:36:35,680

concentration is

1135

00:36:39,430 --> 00:36:37,839

on on the global scale but but on a

1136

00:36:40,870 --> 00:36:39,440

regional scale as well

1137

00:36:42,630 --> 00:36:40,880

so yeah there's there's a lot of people

1138

00:36:43,670 --> 00:36:42,640

building their careers off of those kind

1139

00:36:44,710 --> 00:36:43,680

of measurements and that kind of

1140

00:36:47,270 --> 00:36:44,720

analysis

1141

00:36:48,470 --> 00:36:47,280

um the second part of your question um

1142

00:36:50,150 --> 00:36:48,480

yet to some extent

1143

00:36:52,790 --> 00:36:50,160

what we're dealing with with climate

1144

00:36:53,349 --> 00:36:52,800

change or how we respond to it that does

1145

00:36:55,349 --> 00:36:53,359

teach us

1146

00:36:57,270 --> 00:36:55,359

a lot about you know how does an

1147

00:37:00,470 --> 00:36:57,280

industrial civilization

1148

00:37:01,349 --> 00:37:00,480

develop so we're using you know much of

1149

00:37:04,630 --> 00:37:01,359

climate change

1150

00:37:06,790 --> 00:37:04,640

is related to fossil fuels there's also

1151
00:37:08,230 --> 00:37:06,800
changes in land use deforestation but

1152
00:37:11,270 --> 00:37:08,240
the part that's about

1153
00:37:13,190 --> 00:37:11,280
uh fossil fuels fossil fuels are an

1154
00:37:15,030 --> 00:37:13,200
ancient fuel source come from ancient

1155
00:37:17,829 --> 00:37:15,040
plants that took a long time

1156
00:37:18,390 --> 00:37:17,839
to develop so that's that's the issue is

1157
00:37:21,430 --> 00:37:18,400
that we

1158
00:37:22,870 --> 00:37:21,440
our use of them is much much faster than

1159
00:37:24,470 --> 00:37:22,880
the rated which fossil fuels are

1160
00:37:26,550 --> 00:37:24,480
replenished which is incredibly slow

1161
00:37:30,550 --> 00:37:26,560
over geologic time scales

1162
00:37:32,950 --> 00:37:30,560
so how we deal with that

1163
00:37:33,670 --> 00:37:32,960

is at least a case study in how any

1164

00:37:36,230 --> 00:37:33,680

other

1165

00:37:37,190 --> 00:37:36,240

civilization deals with having this

1166

00:37:40,310 --> 00:37:37,200

really rapid

1167

00:37:41,109 --> 00:37:40,320

energy intense phase with a fuel that

1168

00:37:44,150 --> 00:37:41,119

doesn't have an

1169

00:37:46,950 --> 00:37:44,160

infinite supply um so so

1170

00:37:47,670 --> 00:37:46,960

how our story unfolds will help us with

1171

00:37:49,349 --> 00:37:47,680

the search

1172

00:37:50,630 --> 00:37:49,359

that's really cool yeah that's a great

1173

00:37:51,670 --> 00:37:50,640

quote too i might have to steal that one

1174

00:37:53,589 --> 00:37:51,680

for later

1175

00:37:54,950 --> 00:37:53,599

uh another question and this goes back

1176

00:37:56,710 --> 00:37:54,960

to mars governance

1177

00:37:58,550 --> 00:37:56,720

uh from one of our ambassadors and

1178

00:38:01,270 --> 00:37:58,560

actually a research associate with me

1179

00:38:03,910 --> 00:38:01,280

uh anna root mojante wants to know uh if

1180

00:38:05,510 --> 00:38:03,920

humans ever colonize another planet what

1181

00:38:07,990 --> 00:38:05,520

do you think the ideal system of

1182

00:38:09,990 --> 00:38:08,000

governance might be

1183

00:38:12,710 --> 00:38:10,000

that's a big question well i'll i will

1184

00:38:14,790 --> 00:38:12,720

plug my book with that i think the ideal

1185

00:38:16,710 --> 00:38:14,800

system of governance would be to let

1186

00:38:19,510 --> 00:38:16,720

mars be sovereign

1187

00:38:20,310 --> 00:38:19,520

so that once you set foot on mars as a

1188

00:38:23,349 --> 00:38:20,320

settler

1189

00:38:25,910 --> 00:38:23,359

you are now a planetary citizen of mars

1190

00:38:27,990 --> 00:38:25,920

you don't get to have property on earth

1191

00:38:29,910 --> 00:38:28,000

earthlings don't get to control mars

1192

00:38:31,589 --> 00:38:29,920

and the martians get to decide what

1193

00:38:34,150 --> 00:38:31,599

works best for them

1194

00:38:35,589 --> 00:38:34,160

that's it's an ambitious project it's

1195

00:38:37,670 --> 00:38:35,599

ambitious because

1196

00:38:39,030 --> 00:38:37,680

you're so resource limited on mars so

1197

00:38:41,349 --> 00:38:39,040

when would that happen

1198

00:38:42,069 --> 00:38:41,359

i don't know but yeah i don't i actually

1199

00:38:44,069 --> 00:38:42,079

don't

1200

00:38:45,589 --> 00:38:44,079

have one particular governance model but

1201

00:38:45,990 --> 00:38:45,599

i think the martians are going to be the

1202

00:38:48,870 --> 00:38:46,000

best

1203

00:38:49,910 --> 00:38:48,880

to determine that that's cool yeah solve

1204

00:38:52,390 --> 00:38:49,920

sovereignty

1205

00:38:54,630 --> 00:38:52,400

let them do it themselves another

1206

00:38:57,190 --> 00:38:54,640

question from sudita biswas

1207

00:38:58,230 --> 00:38:57,200

uh coming in from saginet uh sudhita

1208

00:39:00,630 --> 00:38:58,240

wants to know

1209

00:39:01,990 --> 00:39:00,640

how does one confirm an exoplanet might

1210

00:39:04,069 --> 00:39:02,000

be more habitable

1211

00:39:05,829 --> 00:39:04,079

than the earth which is an interesting

1212

00:39:09,430 --> 00:39:05,839

question

1213

00:39:12,150 --> 00:39:09,440

are some scientists

1214

00:39:13,910 --> 00:39:12,160

that are trying to quantify this uh evel

1215

00:39:15,510 --> 00:39:13,920

mendes at the university of puerto rico

1216

00:39:16,630 --> 00:39:15,520

is really interested in habitability

1217

00:39:20,790 --> 00:39:16,640

metrics

1218

00:39:24,470 --> 00:39:20,800

um but uh so so a simpler answer

1219

00:39:27,589 --> 00:39:24,480

from my work with climate models

1220

00:39:30,069 --> 00:39:27,599

is you could say something like how

1221

00:39:30,950 --> 00:39:30,079

what fraction of the time does this

1222

00:39:33,829 --> 00:39:30,960

planet

1223

00:39:35,430 --> 00:39:33,839

have liquid water on it that's just one

1224

00:39:38,630 --> 00:39:35,440

type of scenario the bigger

1225

00:39:39,349 --> 00:39:38,640

and sutre question is is we're thinking

1226

00:39:41,510 --> 00:39:39,359

about it

1227

00:39:43,750 --> 00:39:41,520

we actually just need to have more

1228

00:39:44,550 --> 00:39:43,760

observations of exoplanets to really be

1229

00:39:47,910 --> 00:39:44,560

able to

1230

00:39:49,589 --> 00:39:47,920

to compare what you know that might be

1231

00:39:51,750 --> 00:39:49,599

you could also think about a planet that

1232

00:39:53,750 --> 00:39:51,760

has less water available

1233

00:39:55,670 --> 00:39:53,760

on certain areas of its surface than

1234

00:39:56,310 --> 00:39:55,680

others but there's going to be a lot of

1235

00:39:58,230 --> 00:39:56,320

factors

1236

00:40:00,150 --> 00:39:58,240

so not not just any one of those but but

1237

00:40:02,150 --> 00:40:00,160

many factors that would that would do

1238

00:40:04,230 --> 00:40:02,160

do that people even ask is earth as

1239

00:40:05,910 --> 00:40:04,240

habitable as it could be

1240

00:40:07,910 --> 00:40:05,920

uh that's an interesting question and

1241

00:40:10,150 --> 00:40:07,920

maybe you know you could imagine where

1242

00:40:13,349 --> 00:40:10,160

there was a little less ice and

1243

00:40:15,030 --> 00:40:13,359

more jungle but but um those those are

1244

00:40:17,109 --> 00:40:15,040

the fun questions that

1245

00:40:18,870 --> 00:40:17,119

you know you get to ask at astrobiology

1246

00:40:20,309 --> 00:40:18,880

yeah it's a cool question and actually

1247

00:40:22,069 --> 00:40:20,319

that really leads well into our next

1248

00:40:24,630 --> 00:40:22,079

question from my co-host

1249

00:40:26,309 --> 00:40:24,640

uh and a good friend sanjoy sam uh

1250

00:40:27,190 --> 00:40:26,319

sanjoy asks can you speak a little bit

1251

00:40:29,990 --> 00:40:27,200

more to our

1252

00:40:34,390 --> 00:40:30,000

own planet as a lab for understanding

1253

00:40:39,109 --> 00:40:37,510

yeah so uh sanjoy definitely knows that

1254

00:40:40,309 --> 00:40:39,119

i've spent some time thinking about

1255

00:40:42,390 --> 00:40:40,319

early earth maybe not

1256

00:40:43,829 --> 00:40:42,400

as much as he does he's definitely a

1257

00:40:46,870 --> 00:40:43,839

good friend and colleague

1258

00:40:49,270 --> 00:40:46,880

um but i so i

1259

00:40:50,069 --> 00:40:49,280

i did a project in my masters where i

1260

00:40:53,270 --> 00:40:50,079

looked at

1261

00:40:54,150 --> 00:40:53,280

the role of of methane in keeping earth

1262

00:40:57,190 --> 00:40:54,160

warm

1263

00:40:57,990 --> 00:40:57,200

uh if you go backwards in time uh the

1264

00:41:00,150 --> 00:40:58,000

sun

1265

00:41:02,069 --> 00:41:00,160

is is thought to have been less bright

1266

00:41:03,829 --> 00:41:02,079

then and i won't get into the details of

1267

00:41:04,230 --> 00:41:03,839

that that has to do with just how stars

1268

00:41:07,190 --> 00:41:04,240

work

1269

00:41:08,069 --> 00:41:07,200

and and and are powered by by nuclear

1270

00:41:11,829 --> 00:41:08,079

fusion

1271

00:41:13,190 --> 00:41:11,839

so so um a younger star is just not

1272

00:41:15,910 --> 00:41:13,200

quite as bright

1273

00:41:17,589 --> 00:41:15,920

and how did our planet then stay warm

1274

00:41:19,030 --> 00:41:17,599

and so one of the ideas i explored was

1275

00:41:21,430 --> 00:41:19,040

the role of methane

1276

00:41:24,630 --> 00:41:21,440

and the formation of a haze layer like

1277

00:41:28,069 --> 00:41:24,640

you might see on the planet titan

1278

00:41:29,510 --> 00:41:28,079

which has both positive effects and

1279

00:41:30,390 --> 00:41:29,520

helping keep the planet warm and

1280

00:41:32,470 --> 00:41:30,400

protected by

1281

00:41:34,870 --> 00:41:32,480

ultraviolet radiation and negative

1282

00:41:36,390 --> 00:41:34,880

effects of reflecting away sunlight and

1283

00:41:39,589 --> 00:41:36,400

cooling the planet

1284

00:41:40,870 --> 00:41:39,599

and so um and the other feature of this

1285

00:41:42,230 --> 00:41:40,880

the reason you even get the haze is

1286

00:41:44,710 --> 00:41:42,240

because this early earth

1287

00:41:46,230 --> 00:41:44,720

was it was a very very low oxygen

1288

00:41:48,069 --> 00:41:46,240

environment you had life

1289

00:41:49,750 --> 00:41:48,079

you may have had dissolved oxygen in

1290

00:41:52,309 --> 00:41:49,760

some places in the ocean

1291

00:41:53,589 --> 00:41:52,319

localized but but this would have been

1292

00:41:56,630 --> 00:41:53,599

before

1293

00:41:59,990 --> 00:41:56,640

large scale plant life or photosynthesis

1294

00:42:02,390 --> 00:42:00,000

emerged uh so early earth i think would

1295

00:42:05,670 --> 00:42:02,400

be more difficult to detect

1296

00:42:07,349 --> 00:42:05,680

as as a as a really strong biosignature

1297

00:42:09,990 --> 00:42:07,359

maybe but i mean i think this is again a

1298

00:42:12,630 --> 00:42:10,000

problem in astrobiology that's really

1299

00:42:14,150 --> 00:42:12,640

worth studying more if we found a

1300

00:42:16,950 --> 00:42:14,160

haze-covered planet

1301
00:42:18,630 --> 00:42:16,960
around another star in the habitable

1302
00:42:20,230 --> 00:42:18,640
zone i would get really excited

1303
00:42:21,829 --> 00:42:20,240
it wouldn't mean there must be life but

1304
00:42:24,069 --> 00:42:21,839
that would be a great

1305
00:42:25,510 --> 00:42:24,079
an analog for an early earth and we

1306
00:42:26,790 --> 00:42:25,520
could try to think about what else would

1307
00:42:30,069 --> 00:42:26,800
we look for

1308
00:42:32,069 --> 00:42:30,079
to determine if life is there or not

1309
00:42:33,109 --> 00:42:32,079
i am it's cool to think about right like

1310
00:42:35,109 --> 00:42:33,119
i don't know at what point do we

1311
00:42:37,589 --> 00:42:35,119
actually become detectable anywhere

1312
00:42:39,589 --> 00:42:37,599
um another question this comes in from

1313
00:42:42,790 --> 00:42:39,599

pritha jaipal and secondnet

1314

00:42:44,150 --> 00:42:42,800

uh pritha asks uh inspired by the series

1315

00:42:46,230 --> 00:42:44,160

the expanse

1316

00:42:47,190 --> 00:42:46,240

uh approximately how far away do you

1317

00:42:49,430 --> 00:42:47,200

think we are from

1318

00:42:50,630 --> 00:42:49,440

needing to make use of resources in our

1319

00:42:52,390 --> 00:42:50,640

solar system

1320

00:42:55,510 --> 00:42:52,400

uh after we've depleted the resources

1321

00:42:59,349 --> 00:42:58,470

i think we are close to needing rare

1322

00:43:03,270 --> 00:42:59,359

earth

1323

00:43:05,030 --> 00:43:03,280

metals for all our smartphones and

1324

00:43:08,069 --> 00:43:05,040

electronics

1325

00:43:11,109 --> 00:43:08,079

most of them on earth are in china

1326

00:43:13,670 --> 00:43:11,119

and that raises unique political

1327

00:43:14,950 --> 00:43:13,680

issues in accessing them and even the

1328

00:43:16,470 --> 00:43:14,960

ones that are there are still being

1329

00:43:19,109 --> 00:43:16,480

depleted on earth

1330

00:43:19,829 --> 00:43:19,119

so i think there's there's a lot of

1331

00:43:21,829 --> 00:43:19,839

investors

1332

00:43:23,430 --> 00:43:21,839

interested in asteroid mining now the

1333

00:43:25,990 --> 00:43:23,440

main product they're interested in

1334

00:43:26,710 --> 00:43:26,000

is water and i believe the water stays

1335

00:43:29,589 --> 00:43:26,720

in space

1336

00:43:30,870 --> 00:43:29,599

so it would be profitable to to harvest

1337

00:43:33,589 --> 00:43:30,880

water from asteroids

1338

00:43:35,510 --> 00:43:33,599

to use for for astronauts and whether

1339

00:43:38,390 --> 00:43:35,520

you drink the water you make oxygen

1340

00:43:41,349 --> 00:43:38,400

um so that's the first product but but

1341

00:43:43,510 --> 00:43:41,359

then you can get both precious metals

1342

00:43:44,630 --> 00:43:43,520

and rear earth metals rare earth

1343

00:43:47,990 --> 00:43:44,640

minerals uh

1344

00:43:50,150 --> 00:43:48,000

from asteroids i think that is going to

1345

00:43:52,230 --> 00:43:50,160

become increasingly important

1346

00:43:54,470 --> 00:43:52,240

in you know the next century i don't

1347

00:43:55,750 --> 00:43:54,480

know in the next five to ten years but

1348

00:43:59,190 --> 00:43:55,760

in the next century

1349

00:44:01,430 --> 00:43:59,200

i think that'll be uh that'll be

1350

00:44:03,430 --> 00:44:01,440

coupled with our our industries space

1351
00:44:04,950 --> 00:44:03,440
resources that may be like the next big

1352
00:44:06,790 --> 00:44:04,960
issue for our own sovereignty and our

1353
00:44:08,230 --> 00:44:06,800
governance right is trying to figure out

1354
00:44:09,349 --> 00:44:08,240
how do we actually bring more resources

1355
00:44:11,270 --> 00:44:09,359
that we need

1356
00:44:12,550 --> 00:44:11,280
uh another question from anna roop and i

1357
00:44:15,430 --> 00:44:12,560
should mention auto roof is that

1358
00:44:16,470 --> 00:44:15,440
strayologist on twitter and instagram uh

1359
00:44:17,430 --> 00:44:16,480
and this is going to make you put on

1360
00:44:20,069 --> 00:44:17,440
your your cosm

1361
00:44:21,190 --> 00:44:20,079
cosmology hat for a moment uh honor

1362
00:44:23,670 --> 00:44:21,200
wants to know

1363
00:44:24,790 --> 00:44:23,680

uh we have a speed limit in the universe

1364

00:44:26,870 --> 00:44:24,800

with light

1365

00:44:29,670 --> 00:44:26,880

do we have any limit on how far we can

1366

00:44:36,950 --> 00:44:32,870

well those things are related in fact so

1367

00:44:40,470 --> 00:44:36,960

if we're looking at the andromeda galaxy

1368

00:44:43,990 --> 00:44:40,480

25 million light years away

1369

00:44:45,109 --> 00:44:44,000

we're seeing the galaxy as it was 25

1370

00:44:46,550 --> 00:44:45,119

million years ago

1371

00:44:48,230 --> 00:44:46,560

because that's how long it took that

1372

00:44:51,750 --> 00:44:48,240

light to reach us

1373

00:44:54,790 --> 00:44:51,760

so the farther astronomy is actually

1374

00:44:56,710 --> 00:44:54,800

one of the only real ways to do

1375

00:44:58,630 --> 00:44:56,720

time travel even more so than

1376

00:45:00,630 --> 00:44:58,640

archaeology in a sense or maybe they're

1377

00:45:03,510 --> 00:45:00,640

very comparable in this sense

1378

00:45:04,870 --> 00:45:03,520

that with with astronomy the further

1379

00:45:07,589 --> 00:45:04,880

away you look

1380

00:45:08,710 --> 00:45:07,599

the further back in time you're looking

1381

00:45:11,510 --> 00:45:08,720

so the furthest back

1382

00:45:12,150 --> 00:45:11,520

you can look is just after the big bang

1383

00:45:15,190 --> 00:45:12,160

because

1384

00:45:17,190 --> 00:45:15,200

before that there was and it's there you

1385

00:45:19,510 --> 00:45:17,200

can get into the cosmology details about

1386

00:45:23,109 --> 00:45:19,520

exactly when there was luminosity to to

1387

00:45:25,109 --> 00:45:23,119

be observed but but you can't the yeah

1388

00:45:26,150 --> 00:45:25,119

that's how far you can observe because

1389

00:45:29,910 --> 00:45:26,160

that's how

1390

00:45:31,430 --> 00:45:29,920

old the universe is oh yeah it's cool

1391

00:45:32,630 --> 00:45:31,440

i mean everyone you know you go out at

1392

00:45:34,230 --> 00:45:32,640

night you look at the stars you're

1393

00:45:36,630 --> 00:45:34,240

looking back in time so

1394

00:45:37,750 --> 00:45:36,640

astronomy is this time machine um so

1395

00:45:39,349 --> 00:45:37,760

it's kind of fun to think about you know

1396

00:45:40,230 --> 00:45:39,359

that we are limited but we also are

1397

00:45:42,870 --> 00:45:40,240

looking back

1398

00:45:44,550 --> 00:45:42,880

uh so far in time uh here's a question

1399

00:45:45,589 --> 00:45:44,560

that's kind of off topic but kind of fun

1400

00:45:48,309 --> 00:45:45,599

to think about

1401

00:45:50,550 --> 00:45:48,319

uh it comes from tom caruso on facebook

1402

00:45:52,309 --> 00:45:50,560

uh tom state's recent discoveries

1403

00:45:54,710 --> 00:45:52,319

they show that you know we have icy you

1404

00:45:56,790 --> 00:45:54,720

know bodies these icy ocean worlds

1405

00:45:58,069 --> 00:45:56,800

uh all over in our solar system alone

1406

00:46:00,470 --> 00:45:58,079

and they're most likely

1407

00:46:02,470 --> 00:46:00,480

you know abundant elsewhere and on earth

1408

00:46:03,430 --> 00:46:02,480

we humans have put a lot of noise into

1409

00:46:05,190 --> 00:46:03,440

our oceans

1410

00:46:07,030 --> 00:46:05,200

uh and i would also add that also a lot

1411

00:46:07,910 --> 00:46:07,040

of other things have put noise into our

1412

00:46:09,910 --> 00:46:07,920

oceans

1413

00:46:12,309 --> 00:46:09,920

uh and so tom wants to know if we should

1414

00:46:14,309 --> 00:46:12,319

start a program of trying to listen

1415

00:46:15,349 --> 00:46:14,319

through the ice on some of these icy

1416

00:46:17,190 --> 00:46:15,359

worlds

1417

00:46:18,550 --> 00:46:17,200

for sounds below perhaps by

1418

00:46:21,990 --> 00:46:18,560

technological activity

1419

00:46:23,430 --> 00:46:22,000

of a subsurface being

1420

00:46:25,430 --> 00:46:23,440

i mean we really don't know what's out

1421

00:46:26,870 --> 00:46:25,440

there so um

1422

00:46:28,470 --> 00:46:26,880

you know one of the things that came

1423

00:46:29,750 --> 00:46:28,480

from the workshop

1424

00:46:32,150 --> 00:46:29,760

or at least was introduced to the

1425

00:46:35,190 --> 00:46:32,160

workshop by sophia sheikh

1426

00:46:37,030 --> 00:46:35,200

who's a phd student at penn state she's

1427

00:46:40,230 --> 00:46:37,040

developed the techno signature

1428

00:46:41,990 --> 00:46:40,240

axes of merit and this is

1429

00:46:43,910 --> 00:46:42,000

you know we can imagine so many

1430

00:46:47,030 --> 00:46:43,920

different techno signatures

1431

00:46:47,829 --> 00:46:47,040

and we really can't say that they must

1432

00:46:49,829 --> 00:46:47,839

be false

1433

00:46:51,430 --> 00:46:49,839

until we do a really thorough search and

1434

00:46:54,309 --> 00:46:51,440

we put some limits on

1435

00:46:55,670 --> 00:46:54,319

on what might be there so you you should

1436

00:46:57,670 --> 00:46:55,680

be able to

1437

00:46:59,270 --> 00:46:57,680

brainstorm as many types but then how do

1438

00:46:59,750 --> 00:46:59,280

you actually decide what's worth looking

1439

00:47:01,510 --> 00:46:59,760

for

1440

00:47:03,750 --> 00:47:01,520

and so she's got this nine access

1441

00:47:05,990 --> 00:47:03,760

framework that takes into account

1442

00:47:08,150 --> 00:47:06,000

just you know how expensive is the

1443

00:47:08,950 --> 00:47:08,160

search does it have ancillary benefits

1444

00:47:11,349 --> 00:47:08,960

to science

1445

00:47:12,230 --> 00:47:11,359

versus not you know what would the

1446

00:47:14,069 --> 00:47:12,240

impact be

1447

00:47:16,069 --> 00:47:14,079

there's there's some other criteria and

1448

00:47:17,510 --> 00:47:16,079

so um you know i think

1449

00:47:18,710 --> 00:47:17,520

i think all of these ideas are worth

1450

00:47:19,589 --> 00:47:18,720

talking about but then you know what do

1451
00:47:21,670 --> 00:47:19,599
you actually do

1452
00:47:22,710 --> 00:47:21,680
especially since resources and funding

1453
00:47:26,230 --> 00:47:22,720
is limited

1454
00:47:28,230 --> 00:47:26,240
um that's where you know the development

1455
00:47:31,030 --> 00:47:28,240
of theory comes into play

1456
00:47:33,430 --> 00:47:31,040
is you know would you expect what type

1457
00:47:36,950 --> 00:47:33,440
of signal would you expect under the ice

1458
00:47:38,069 --> 00:47:36,960
and why um if you were exploring for

1459
00:47:39,829 --> 00:47:38,079
other reasons and you found some

1460
00:47:40,950 --> 00:47:39,839
anomalies that would also be interesting

1461
00:47:43,109 --> 00:47:40,960
but if you were going to do an

1462
00:47:45,670 --> 00:47:43,119
intended search that would probably need

1463
00:47:47,430 --> 00:47:45,680

to be a more hypothesis-driven approach

1464

00:47:48,870 --> 00:47:47,440

interesting yeah it makes me think a lot

1465

00:47:50,950 --> 00:47:48,880

you know with the idea of sound in our

1466

00:47:51,990 --> 00:47:50,960

ocean from our technology and submarines

1467

00:47:53,349 --> 00:47:52,000

and things like that

1468

00:47:55,829 --> 00:47:53,359

we also have a lot of sound in our

1469

00:47:57,910 --> 00:47:55,839

oceans from shrimp and fish and whales

1470

00:47:59,589 --> 00:47:57,920

and other things that makes me wonder

1471

00:48:01,589 --> 00:47:59,599

has there been much discussion about

1472

00:48:03,750 --> 00:48:01,599

potential false positives and techno

1473

00:48:05,430 --> 00:48:03,760

signature research

1474

00:48:07,270 --> 00:48:05,440

is there a good chance there are signs

1475

00:48:09,190 --> 00:48:07,280

out there that would appear to us

1476

00:48:11,589 --> 00:48:09,200

at first flush as being technological

1477

00:48:13,829 --> 00:48:11,599

but maybe they aren't

1478

00:48:15,109 --> 00:48:13,839

absolutely yes tech false positives for

1479

00:48:17,109 --> 00:48:15,119

for techno signatures

1480

00:48:18,790 --> 00:48:17,119

are just like with biosignatures we

1481

00:48:19,990 --> 00:48:18,800

don't fully know what we're looking for

1482

00:48:22,309 --> 00:48:20,000

we can come up with some

1483

00:48:24,069 --> 00:48:22,319

some hypotheses but you have to take

1484

00:48:28,230 --> 00:48:24,079

into account the possibility

1485

00:48:29,349 --> 00:48:28,240

that what you see it may not fully be

1486

00:48:31,510 --> 00:48:29,359

explained by the

1487

00:48:32,630 --> 00:48:31,520

the biological or technological

1488

00:48:34,790 --> 00:48:32,640

mechanism you're

1489

00:48:36,950 --> 00:48:34,800

you're looking at um so you showed the

1490

00:48:39,589 --> 00:48:36,960

the photograph of italy at night

1491

00:48:40,470 --> 00:48:39,599

in the introduction or for the yesterday

1492

00:48:43,430 --> 00:48:40,480

on twitter

1493

00:48:44,710 --> 00:48:43,440

and so there's there's also evidence uh

1494

00:48:46,950 --> 00:48:44,720

over australia

1495

00:48:48,390 --> 00:48:46,960

from the same sets of photos of

1496

00:48:49,510 --> 00:48:48,400

wildfires

1497

00:48:51,190 --> 00:48:49,520

and you know i found this really

1498

00:48:53,270 --> 00:48:51,200

interesting i didn't realize that the

1499

00:48:54,710 --> 00:48:53,280

fires had been that bad in australia at

1500

00:48:57,829 --> 00:48:54,720

that time that they were

1501
00:48:58,390 --> 00:48:57,839
that detectable from space so if we were

1502
00:48:59,829 --> 00:48:58,400
to see

1503
00:49:02,230 --> 00:48:59,839
something you know build the right kind

1504
00:49:03,510 --> 00:49:02,240
of optical telescope image some of these

1505
00:49:06,309 --> 00:49:03,520
nearby planets

1506
00:49:08,150 --> 00:49:06,319
hypothetically and you were to see

1507
00:49:09,990 --> 00:49:08,160
bright lights like that

1508
00:49:12,630 --> 00:49:10,000
that would be a discussion then if let's

1509
00:49:15,910 --> 00:49:12,640
say it was unambiguously this

1510
00:49:16,790 --> 00:49:15,920
lights at night well are those sustained

1511
00:49:19,109 --> 00:49:16,800
fires

1512
00:49:20,470 --> 00:49:19,119
or are they city lights and and there

1513
00:49:22,549 --> 00:49:20,480

are ways that you could

1514

00:49:25,270 --> 00:49:22,559

could determine between those two things

1515

00:49:28,470 --> 00:49:25,280

but if that one image was all you had

1516

00:49:29,349 --> 00:49:28,480

that would be a discussion um now one of

1517

00:49:31,910 --> 00:49:29,359

the uh the

1518

00:49:33,270 --> 00:49:31,920

the workshop presenters thomas beatty he

1519

00:49:36,309 --> 00:49:33,280

has this great idea

1520

00:49:37,030 --> 00:49:36,319

showing that sodium lights have are

1521

00:49:39,270 --> 00:49:37,040

really

1522

00:49:40,870 --> 00:49:39,280

uh easy to pick out with with the right

1523

00:49:41,990 --> 00:49:40,880

astronomy tools with the spectrometer

1524

00:49:43,990 --> 00:49:42,000

you get a very

1525

00:49:45,349 --> 00:49:44,000

clear signature that this is a sodium

1526
00:49:47,910 --> 00:49:45,359
light those are those bright orange

1527
00:49:50,710 --> 00:49:47,920
lights you see in in cities and places

1528
00:49:51,670 --> 00:49:50,720
so um we do you know would aliens use

1529
00:49:53,589 --> 00:49:51,680
sodium lights

1530
00:49:55,030 --> 00:49:53,599
we don't know but at least if let's say

1531
00:49:58,150 --> 00:49:55,040
we found this

1532
00:49:59,990 --> 00:49:58,160
this you know proxima at night picture

1533
00:50:01,750 --> 00:50:00,000
um well you could do things like that we

1534
00:50:02,309 --> 00:50:01,760
don't know if these are fires or not but

1535
00:50:05,190 --> 00:50:02,319
let's

1536
00:50:06,309 --> 00:50:05,200
do follow-up observations and see does

1537
00:50:08,230 --> 00:50:06,319
this have

1538
00:50:09,670 --> 00:50:08,240

the signature of a fire that we would

1539

00:50:11,030 --> 00:50:09,680

expect through a telescope or the

1540

00:50:14,390 --> 00:50:11,040

signature of

1541

00:50:16,470 --> 00:50:14,400

a light bulb or something else and then

1542

00:50:17,750 --> 00:50:16,480

so it would take a while if we detect

1543

00:50:19,750 --> 00:50:17,760

something like this there would be a

1544

00:50:21,349 --> 00:50:19,760

period of prolonged discussion

1545

00:50:22,870 --> 00:50:21,359

among scientists and you know that would

1546

00:50:23,670 --> 00:50:22,880

be great because that's how science

1547

00:50:26,790 --> 00:50:23,680

works

1548

00:50:28,950 --> 00:50:26,800

but but unfortunately it means that the

1549

00:50:30,710 --> 00:50:28,960

the confirmation of a biosignature or

1550

00:50:32,150 --> 00:50:30,720

techno signature will be a slower

1551

00:50:35,589 --> 00:50:32,160

process probably

1552

00:50:37,190 --> 00:50:35,599

than we would like it to be um

1553

00:50:38,630 --> 00:50:37,200

yeah that first brings to mind you know

1554

00:50:40,470 --> 00:50:38,640

in the past on earth

1555

00:50:41,910 --> 00:50:40,480

we've had geological deposits that most

1556

00:50:43,190 --> 00:50:41,920

likely were creating heat potentially

1557

00:50:44,790 --> 00:50:43,200

creating light

1558

00:50:47,030 --> 00:50:44,800

there was a natural deposit rich in

1559

00:50:48,950 --> 00:50:47,040

uranium in africa for instance that

1560

00:50:50,549 --> 00:50:48,960

underwent nuclear fission and started

1561

00:50:51,589 --> 00:50:50,559

becoming its own geological nuclear

1562

00:50:53,829 --> 00:50:51,599

reactor could

1563

00:50:55,270 --> 00:50:53,839

alien worlds have nuclear reactors going

1564

00:50:55,750 --> 00:50:55,280

on the surface that we would recognize

1565

00:50:57,750 --> 00:50:55,760

and

1566

00:50:59,349 --> 00:50:57,760

think maybe that's technological it's

1567

00:51:00,790 --> 00:50:59,359

and so that brings a lot of questions to

1568

00:51:02,150 --> 00:51:00,800

mind for what's possible out there as

1569

00:51:03,349 --> 00:51:02,160

you mentioned earlier there's

1570

00:51:05,670 --> 00:51:03,359

there's so much that we can think about

1571

00:51:07,030 --> 00:51:05,680

that could be possible

1572

00:51:09,510 --> 00:51:07,040

uh here's another question this one's

1573

00:51:11,510 --> 00:51:09,520

from satyam tewari asking on sega net

1574

00:51:13,670 --> 00:51:11,520

and satyam wants to know

1575

00:51:15,349 --> 00:51:13,680

how we can use machine learning and

1576

00:51:17,589 --> 00:51:15,359

artificial intelligence to help us in

1577

00:51:20,710 --> 00:51:17,599

detecting extraterrestrial life

1578

00:51:22,069 --> 00:51:20,720

and add on also techno signatures

1579

00:51:23,990 --> 00:51:22,079

well that's a great question and i

1580

00:51:25,910 --> 00:51:24,000

promise i didn't plant that question

1581

00:51:28,230 --> 00:51:25,920

because satiem works for me and he also

1582

00:51:29,589 --> 00:51:28,240

attended technoclimb so he knows

1583

00:51:31,430 --> 00:51:29,599

that there was an awful lot of

1584

00:51:34,549 --> 00:51:31,440

discussion at our workshop

1585

00:51:37,270 --> 00:51:34,559

about machine learning um one

1586

00:51:38,790 --> 00:51:37,280

idea uh daniel angerhausen who's a blue

1587

00:51:41,829 --> 00:51:38,800

marble space scientist uh

1588

00:51:45,190 --> 00:51:41,839

he has is developing tools

1589

00:51:47,349 --> 00:51:45,200

to look at the moon and then uh possibly

1590

00:51:50,549 --> 00:51:47,359

other surfaces but but the moon

1591

00:51:52,870 --> 00:51:50,559

uh has been uh the lunar reconnaissance

1592

00:51:54,309 --> 00:51:52,880

reconnaissance orbiter has mapped the

1593

00:51:57,589 --> 00:51:54,319

surface of the moon to

1594

00:51:59,030 --> 00:51:57,599

to a pretty high resolution and so

1595

00:52:00,710 --> 00:51:59,040

one thing you could think about is this

1596

00:52:03,270 --> 00:52:00,720

idea of artifacts our

1597

00:52:04,549 --> 00:52:03,280

have extraterrestrials sent spacecraft

1598

00:52:06,309 --> 00:52:04,559

to explore

1599

00:52:08,549 --> 00:52:06,319

you know our solar system could there be

1600

00:52:10,230 --> 00:52:08,559

some unknown artifact on the moon for

1601
00:52:11,190 --> 00:52:10,240
example or elsewhere but starting with

1602
00:52:12,390 --> 00:52:11,200
the moon

1603
00:52:14,470 --> 00:52:12,400
one thing you could do is go through

1604
00:52:16,230 --> 00:52:14,480
these pictures one by one and

1605
00:52:17,990 --> 00:52:16,240
look through them and see if you can

1606
00:52:21,109 --> 00:52:18,000
figure out see if there's anything

1607
00:52:22,309 --> 00:52:21,119
weird on them but there's too many

1608
00:52:23,990 --> 00:52:22,319
pictures to really be me

1609
00:52:25,589 --> 00:52:24,000
you could do this in a crowd-funded way

1610
00:52:27,109 --> 00:52:25,599
perhaps but what daniel's doing is

1611
00:52:30,150 --> 00:52:27,119
developing machine learning

1612
00:52:33,670 --> 00:52:30,160
algorithms to sort through these images

1613
00:52:35,990 --> 00:52:33,680

and and do not not a

1614

00:52:37,589 --> 00:52:36,000

not a trained machine learning where you

1615

00:52:39,430 --> 00:52:37,599

you tell it what an artifact is but

1616

00:52:41,589 --> 00:52:39,440

truly in an unsupervised

1617

00:52:43,349 --> 00:52:41,599

machine learning algorithm where it's

1618

00:52:44,710 --> 00:52:43,359

just taking all the data in

1619

00:52:46,470 --> 00:52:44,720

and just trying to tell you what

1620

00:52:47,910 --> 00:52:46,480

anomalies are there and so i think i

1621

00:52:49,109 --> 00:52:47,920

believe he's working on it right now i

1622

00:52:51,030 --> 00:52:49,119

think he's validated

1623

00:52:53,430 --> 00:52:51,040

the algorithm so it'll pick out some of

1624

00:52:54,309 --> 00:52:53,440

the artifacts humans have set there

1625

00:52:56,549 --> 00:52:54,319

perhaps

1626
00:52:57,670 --> 00:52:56,559
um so you know that's one idea you could

1627
00:53:00,870 --> 00:52:57,680
think about doing this

1628
00:53:03,109 --> 00:53:00,880
for um for for for other types of

1629
00:53:06,549 --> 00:53:03,119
problems maybe if you're analyzing like

1630
00:53:07,510 --> 00:53:06,559
uh um you're trying to think about about

1631
00:53:10,710 --> 00:53:07,520
a large

1632
00:53:12,150 --> 00:53:10,720
number of types of planetary atmospheres

1633
00:53:12,950 --> 00:53:12,160
you might be able to use machine

1634
00:53:16,470 --> 00:53:12,960
learning

1635
00:53:18,309 --> 00:53:16,480
in a way to help uh to help explore

1636
00:53:19,829 --> 00:53:18,319
a really large sample space that'd be

1637
00:53:22,390 --> 00:53:19,839
really difficult to do

1638
00:53:23,589 --> 00:53:22,400

uh by yourself so i'm you know this is

1639

00:53:26,470 --> 00:53:23,599

this is an interesting

1640

00:53:29,190 --> 00:53:26,480

i guess one other way to do that that's

1641

00:53:31,670 --> 00:53:29,200

being done now is this the the radio

1642

00:53:33,510 --> 00:53:31,680

techno signatures which is searching for

1643

00:53:34,950 --> 00:53:33,520

either direct transmissions from other

1644

00:53:37,589 --> 00:53:34,960

star systems uh

1645

00:53:38,150 --> 00:53:37,599

other civilizations or sort of their

1646

00:53:41,109 --> 00:53:38,160

radio

1647

00:53:42,390 --> 00:53:41,119

leakage their their transmission towers

1648

00:53:44,309 --> 00:53:42,400

and things like we're using where we're

1649

00:53:46,549 --> 00:53:44,319

just putting radio waves into space

1650

00:53:47,750 --> 00:53:46,559

because of our communication and and

1651
00:53:51,030 --> 00:53:47,760
other activities

1652
00:53:52,150 --> 00:53:51,040
um so there's there's astronomers the

1653
00:53:54,549 --> 00:53:52,160
breakthrough listen team

1654
00:53:55,670 --> 00:53:54,559
in particular is taking huge amounts of

1655
00:53:58,710 --> 00:53:55,680
data

1656
00:54:00,069 --> 00:53:58,720
by pointing radio telescopes at hundreds

1657
00:54:01,990 --> 00:54:00,079
and thousands of stars

1658
00:54:03,670 --> 00:54:02,000
and so sorting through that data to

1659
00:54:05,990 --> 00:54:03,680
identify what might be

1660
00:54:07,750 --> 00:54:06,000
a possible techno signature a message or

1661
00:54:08,150 --> 00:54:07,760
you know some something that indicates

1662
00:54:11,190 --> 00:54:08,160
it was

1663
00:54:11,990 --> 00:54:11,200

intentionally transmitted um that's

1664

00:54:15,910 --> 00:54:12,000

something you could

1665

00:54:17,829 --> 00:54:15,920

use machine learning for to take the the

1666

00:54:19,030 --> 00:54:17,839

to automate the process of sorting

1667

00:54:20,790 --> 00:54:19,040

through that and looking for

1668

00:54:22,950 --> 00:54:20,800

any patterns or anomalies that might

1669

00:54:24,390 --> 00:54:22,960

stick out yeah and there's so much data

1670

00:54:26,309 --> 00:54:24,400

in that realm too

1671

00:54:27,910 --> 00:54:26,319

we're not even listening to all of the

1672

00:54:29,349 --> 00:54:27,920

sky and all the bandwidths all the time

1673

00:54:30,069 --> 00:54:29,359

if we started doing that it'd be so much

1674

00:54:32,069 --> 00:54:30,079

data

1675

00:54:33,670 --> 00:54:32,079

so having machine learning having this

1676
00:54:35,510 --> 00:54:33,680
to help us process those data would be

1677
00:54:37,670 --> 00:54:35,520
huge i would imagine

1678
00:54:39,670 --> 00:54:37,680
yeah there's really a data problem too

1679
00:54:42,069 --> 00:54:39,680
in many fields in science where

1680
00:54:42,789 --> 00:54:42,079
the collection of data is outpacing the

1681
00:54:44,630 --> 00:54:42,799
analysis

1682
00:54:46,549 --> 00:54:44,640
and so that's where these machine

1683
00:54:49,349 --> 00:54:46,559
learning tools can be really useful

1684
00:54:50,710 --> 00:54:49,359
is if if you understand the data set and

1685
00:54:52,150 --> 00:54:50,720
you're really clever about

1686
00:54:54,230 --> 00:54:52,160
how to use your machine learning you

1687
00:54:55,990 --> 00:54:54,240
might be able to go to a data set

1688
00:54:56,710 --> 00:54:56,000

whether it's in astronomy or some other

1689

00:54:58,150 --> 00:54:56,720

field

1690

00:54:59,430 --> 00:54:58,160

and learn something new based on

1691

00:55:00,069 --> 00:54:59,440

measurement someone else has already

1692

00:55:01,190 --> 00:55:00,079

taken

1693

00:55:03,430 --> 00:55:01,200

and that's very cool how that happens

1694

00:55:03,829 --> 00:55:03,440

the sciences too and this kind of leads

1695

00:55:06,710 --> 00:55:03,839

into

1696

00:55:08,069 --> 00:55:06,720

our next question from jamie stankovic

1697

00:55:10,390 --> 00:55:08,079

on facebook

1698

00:55:11,910 --> 00:55:10,400

jamie wants to know besides machine

1699

00:55:13,430 --> 00:55:11,920

learning here what instruments what

1700

00:55:15,430 --> 00:55:13,440

technologies

1701
00:55:16,630 --> 00:55:15,440
do you think we really need or are going

1702
00:55:20,150 --> 00:55:16,640
to need to

1703
00:55:21,750 --> 00:55:20,160
find life beyond the earth well i

1704
00:55:24,470 --> 00:55:21,760
promise that's not a setup question

1705
00:55:27,109 --> 00:55:24,480
either because that is a great question

1706
00:55:28,150 --> 00:55:27,119
nasa invests in these giant space

1707
00:55:29,670 --> 00:55:28,160
telescopes

1708
00:55:31,190 --> 00:55:29,680
and they're never big enough for what we

1709
00:55:33,430 --> 00:55:31,200
want to do now um

1710
00:55:35,270 --> 00:55:33,440
so the theory always is kind of ahead of

1711
00:55:37,430 --> 00:55:35,280
what we can really observe

1712
00:55:38,630 --> 00:55:37,440
the james webb telescope is the next big

1713
00:55:41,589 --> 00:55:38,640

one that's set

1714

00:55:43,190 --> 00:55:41,599

to launch um i believe later this year i

1715

00:55:44,069 --> 00:55:43,200

don't know how the pandemic is affecting

1716

00:55:46,630 --> 00:55:44,079

that

1717

00:55:48,150 --> 00:55:46,640

um but the james webb telescope would be

1718

00:55:51,589 --> 00:55:48,160

a huge advancement over

1719

00:55:54,470 --> 00:55:51,599

what's been flown before as far as

1720

00:55:56,470 --> 00:55:54,480

bio signatures and techno signatures go

1721

00:55:58,150 --> 00:55:56,480

i think it will not be able to take a

1722

00:56:01,670 --> 00:55:58,160

large large number

1723

00:56:02,150 --> 00:56:01,680

of observations of many many earth-sized

1724

00:56:04,150 --> 00:56:02,160

planets

1725

00:56:05,430 --> 00:56:04,160

i think the discussions i have seen

1726

00:56:08,549 --> 00:56:05,440

suggest that it might be

1727

00:56:09,829 --> 00:56:08,559

you know one or two so the trappist-1

1728

00:56:13,190 --> 00:56:09,839

system which is a

1729

00:56:15,510 --> 00:56:13,200

planetary system uh with with you know

1730

00:56:16,630 --> 00:56:15,520

several rocky planets orbiting a red

1731

00:56:18,390 --> 00:56:16,640

dwarf star

1732

00:56:19,750 --> 00:56:18,400

one of which is seems to be within the

1733

00:56:21,670 --> 00:56:19,760

habitable zone

1734

00:56:22,950 --> 00:56:21,680

we might be able to really understand

1735

00:56:25,750 --> 00:56:22,960

that system

1736

00:56:27,589 --> 00:56:25,760

with james webb telescope maybe one or

1737

00:56:29,510 --> 00:56:27,599

two others maybe

1738

00:56:30,950 --> 00:56:29,520

now maybe we get lucky and there's life

1739

00:56:33,030 --> 00:56:30,960

on that planet we find

1740

00:56:34,150 --> 00:56:33,040

you know some bio signatures that are

1741

00:56:37,270 --> 00:56:34,160

within

1742

00:56:38,870 --> 00:56:37,280

what james webb can detect um

1743

00:56:40,549 --> 00:56:38,880

maybe there's tactical signatures i

1744

00:56:41,510 --> 00:56:40,559

can't say there's not i can't say that

1745

00:56:43,109 --> 00:56:41,520

there will be

1746

00:56:44,710 --> 00:56:43,119

but but at least you know if we saw

1747

00:56:45,670 --> 00:56:44,720

something weird with james webb that

1748

00:56:47,829 --> 00:56:45,680

would be really

1749

00:56:49,349 --> 00:56:47,839

interesting and worth following up on

1750

00:56:50,549 --> 00:56:49,359

but there's a series of missions that

1751

00:56:54,069 --> 00:56:50,559

are being planned now

1752

00:56:57,109 --> 00:56:54,079

uh in design phase there's uh luvoir

1753

00:56:59,349 --> 00:56:57,119

the um which is a large optical

1754

00:57:01,270 --> 00:56:59,359

ultraviolet infrared telescope so it

1755

00:57:02,630 --> 00:57:01,280

spans a wide range of wavelengths that's

1756

00:57:04,390 --> 00:57:02,640

the biggest

1757

00:57:06,630 --> 00:57:04,400

beast sort of and that would get about

1758

00:57:09,670 --> 00:57:06,640

60 observations of

1759

00:57:12,870 --> 00:57:09,680

of earth-like planets

1760

00:57:15,750 --> 00:57:12,880

the habex is a smaller version of that

1761

00:57:16,710 --> 00:57:15,760

in a way that could get about i think 30

1762

00:57:18,390 --> 00:57:16,720

to 40.

1763

00:57:20,630 --> 00:57:18,400

so so those would be really interesting

1764

00:57:22,950 --> 00:57:20,640

and there's the origin space telescope

1765

00:57:24,870 --> 00:57:22,960

which that one actually goes out does

1766

00:57:26,470 --> 00:57:24,880

more infrared observations which

1767

00:57:27,950 --> 00:57:26,480

potentially could be interesting for

1768

00:57:30,390 --> 00:57:27,960

techno signatures things like

1769

00:57:32,470 --> 00:57:30,400

chlorofluorocarbons i was talking about

1770

00:57:33,910 --> 00:57:32,480

would probably have more of more

1771

00:57:37,030 --> 00:57:33,920

evidence at those

1772

00:57:39,430 --> 00:57:37,040

infrared areas

1773

00:57:40,309 --> 00:57:39,440

in the wave in this in the spectrum um

1774

00:57:42,150 --> 00:57:40,319

so

1775

00:57:44,630 --> 00:57:42,160

and then there's the life mission which

1776

00:57:46,870 --> 00:57:44,640

is is a european mission and that's

1777

00:57:48,549 --> 00:57:46,880

similar in some ways that it has

1778

00:57:49,829 --> 00:57:48,559

capabilities for this infrared

1779

00:57:51,589 --> 00:57:49,839

observation that might be really

1780

00:57:53,030 --> 00:57:51,599

interesting protective signatures

1781

00:57:54,870 --> 00:57:53,040

so those are the interesting missions

1782

00:57:55,750 --> 00:57:54,880

they're all in design phase they're not

1783

00:57:57,829 --> 00:57:55,760

all going to get

1784

00:57:58,870 --> 00:57:57,839

selected to be built but hopefully one

1785

00:58:01,510 --> 00:57:58,880

of them will

1786

00:58:03,510 --> 00:58:01,520

and that would be cool because you would

1787

00:58:04,230 --> 00:58:03,520

not be able to just study one or two but

1788

00:58:06,789 --> 00:58:04,240

but a

1789

00:58:09,670 --> 00:58:06,799

population of earth-sized planets to

1790

00:58:12,150 --> 00:58:09,680

really say how common is a biosignature

1791

00:58:13,829 --> 00:58:12,160

maybe how common is the techno signature

1792

00:58:15,270 --> 00:58:13,839

yeah it makes me wonder sometimes like

1793

00:58:16,710 --> 00:58:15,280

what the future is for astronomy and

1794

00:58:18,230 --> 00:58:16,720

looking at exoplanets and

1795

00:58:19,910 --> 00:58:18,240

what science lies ahead of some of these

1796

00:58:21,109 --> 00:58:19,920

great telescopes we're planning or

1797

00:58:23,349 --> 00:58:21,119

we haven't even thought of yet that are

1798

00:58:24,710 --> 00:58:23,359

coming down the line uh jacob we are

1799

00:58:26,230 --> 00:58:24,720

running low on time i have one more

1800

00:58:27,829 --> 00:58:26,240

question i want to get to

1801
00:58:29,750 --> 00:58:27,839
uh and this one comes from ariana

1802
00:58:31,510 --> 00:58:29,760
patterson on second net

1803
00:58:32,950 --> 00:58:31,520
uh we were speaking earlier about

1804
00:58:34,789 --> 00:58:32,960
running out of resources here on the

1805
00:58:37,750 --> 00:58:34,799
earth and going out and harvesting

1806
00:58:39,430 --> 00:58:37,760
for instance heavy metals from asteroids

1807
00:58:42,390 --> 00:58:39,440
for us to have here

1808
00:58:44,069 --> 00:58:42,400
ariana asked an intriguing question

1809
00:58:46,789 --> 00:58:44,079
about how we balance

1810
00:58:48,230 --> 00:58:46,799
our commercial interests in exploiting

1811
00:58:50,870 --> 00:58:48,240
you know other worlds with

1812
00:58:52,789 --> 00:58:50,880
our scientific interests so what do you

1813
00:58:53,430 --> 00:58:52,799

see is the risks in terms of planetary

1814

00:58:55,670 --> 00:58:53,440

protection

1815

00:58:57,430 --> 00:58:55,680

and ethics versus the benefits to our

1816

00:58:59,190 --> 00:58:57,440

advancement

1817

00:59:00,390 --> 00:58:59,200

yeah that's a great question and i'm

1818

00:59:00,870 --> 00:59:00,400

certainly not going to be able to

1819

00:59:03,349 --> 00:59:00,880

address

1820

00:59:05,270 --> 00:59:03,359

all of that but that's an important

1821

00:59:08,390 --> 00:59:05,280

tension that's emerged so

1822

00:59:10,150 --> 00:59:08,400

space was really the domain of science

1823

00:59:11,670 --> 00:59:10,160

up until very recently and this

1824

00:59:14,710 --> 00:59:11,680

commercial interests

1825

00:59:18,069 --> 00:59:14,720

are a new phenomenon so there

1826
00:59:20,710 --> 00:59:18,079
are going to be some some tensions

1827
00:59:24,230 --> 00:59:20,720
between those interests uh one idea

1828
00:59:25,990 --> 00:59:24,240
charles cacao uh in the uk has suggested

1829
00:59:28,150 --> 00:59:26,000
the idea of planetary parks

1830
00:59:30,069 --> 00:59:28,160
maybe like on earth we have you know

1831
00:59:32,150 --> 00:59:30,079
various national and state parks

1832
00:59:33,829 --> 00:59:32,160
uh you might have planetary parks that

1833
00:59:35,349 --> 00:59:33,839
are reserved for science or maybe even

1834
00:59:37,109 --> 00:59:35,359
places that scientists don't go very

1835
00:59:38,630 --> 00:59:37,119
often to really preserve the martian

1836
00:59:40,069 --> 00:59:38,640
environment but

1837
00:59:41,510 --> 00:59:40,079
we are going to have to have these

1838
00:59:42,470 --> 00:59:41,520

conversations and there will be

1839

00:59:44,789 --> 00:59:42,480

trade-offs

1840

00:59:46,630 --> 00:59:44,799

uh and it won't always be clear as to

1841

00:59:48,230 --> 00:59:46,640

which way to tip that balance

1842

00:59:50,789 --> 00:59:48,240

that's cool planetary parks makes me

1843

00:59:52,710 --> 00:59:50,799

think that what happens if we're a park

1844

00:59:54,630 --> 00:59:52,720

like the planetary zoo hypothesis this

1845

00:59:56,150 --> 00:59:54,640

idea that aliens from outside are

1846

00:59:58,309 --> 00:59:56,160

are keeping us closed off and just

1847

00:59:59,270 --> 00:59:58,319

watching what we do are we a science

1848

01:00:01,430 --> 00:59:59,280

experiment

1849

01:00:03,030 --> 01:00:01,440

um it's kind of cool to think about well

1850

01:00:05,109 --> 01:00:03,040

jacob it's been such a pleasure

1851
01:00:06,549 --> 01:00:05,119
having you on the show thanks so much

1852
01:00:08,150 --> 01:00:06,559
for joining us i know we couldn't get to

1853
01:00:09,829 --> 01:00:08,160
all the questions everyone out there

1854
01:00:11,510 --> 01:00:09,839
uh please feel free to reach out to

1855
01:00:14,390 --> 01:00:11,520
jacob uh

1856
01:00:15,510 --> 01:00:14,400
jacob how can they reach you online you

1857
01:00:17,190 --> 01:00:15,520
know if you just want to send me a

1858
01:00:18,870 --> 01:00:17,200
message on twitter then i'll take a look

1859
01:00:21,190 --> 01:00:18,880
at it and i'll reply to your question

1860
01:00:22,870 --> 01:00:21,200
that's wonderful he's at hawkmisra on

1861
01:00:24,309 --> 01:00:22,880
twitter you guys can reach him there

1862
01:00:26,630 --> 01:00:24,319
uh also a member of the blue marble

1863
01:00:28,230 --> 01:00:26,640

space institute of science uh jacob it's

1864

01:00:29,910 --> 01:00:28,240

been so great having you on the show

1865

01:00:31,829 --> 01:00:29,920

thank you for joining us

1866

01:00:33,510 --> 01:00:31,839

thanks again graham it's been fun

1867

01:00:35,270 --> 01:00:33,520

awesome and for those viewing at home we

1868

01:00:36,670 --> 01:00:35,280

have a fun question for you

1869

01:00:38,309 --> 01:00:36,680

uh you can reach out to me at

1870

01:00:41,030 --> 01:00:38,319

cosmobiologist

1871

01:00:43,670 --> 01:00:41,040

you can reach us at seganorg on twitter

1872

01:00:46,309 --> 01:00:43,680

as well as at nasa astrobio on twitter

1873

01:00:48,309 --> 01:00:46,319

uh our question for you is what signs of

1874

01:00:50,390 --> 01:00:48,319

technological civilizations

1875

01:00:51,910 --> 01:00:50,400

do you think we are most likely to find

1876

01:00:53,030 --> 01:00:51,920

and might drive us to figuring out that

1877

01:00:54,789 --> 01:00:53,040

there are other technological

1878

01:00:56,549 --> 01:00:54,799

civilizations out there

1879

01:00:58,950 --> 01:00:56,559

uh so if you have an idea about that

1880

01:01:00,630 --> 01:00:58,960

feel free to reach out and hit us up

1881

01:01:02,789 --> 01:01:00,640

thank you as always for joining ask an

1882

01:01:11,500 --> 01:01:02,799

astrobiologist and as always